



1T-C2-750

&

1T-C2-760

DVI Scaler
Operation Manual

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Table of Contents

1	DISCLAIMER	1
1.1	Regulatory Agency Acceptance.....	1
1.2	FCC Statement	1
1.3	Manual Version Information.....	2
1.4	Manual Copyright Notice	2
2	IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	3
3	DEVICE SUMMARY	13
3.1	Device Capabilities.....	13
3.2	Device Features	13
4	PRODUCT IMAGES	15
4.1	1T-C2-750 unit.....	15
4.2	1T-C2-760 unit.....	15
5	FRONT PANEL CONTROLS.....	16
5.1	Button controls	16
5.2	MENU ↓ and ↑ buttons.....	17
5.3	Advanced menus	17
5.4	Special button combinations and functions.....	17
5.4.1	Locking front panel buttons & IR remote control.....	17
5.4.2	Restore power-on settings.....	17
5.4.3	Factory Reset.....	17
5.4.4	Switching between different resolutions using the front panel.....	18
6	VIDEO INPUTS, OUTPUTS AND SCALERS	19
6.1	DVI-I inputs	19
6.2	PC/HD Scaler DVI-I output.....	19
6.3	1T-C2-750 Block diagram.....	19
6.4	1T-C2-760 Block diagram.....	20
7	INFRA-RED REMOTE CONTROL.....	22
8	MENU LAYOUT AND SETTINGS ADJUSTMENT.....	23
8.1	Group Names and Descriptions.....	24
8.2	Adjust presets menu item.....	24
8.3	Items Associated with the Adjust outputs group	25
8.4	Items Associated with the Adjust windows group	29
8.4.1	Extended scaling controls.....	33
8.4.2	'Aspect adjust' = 'Advanced'	33

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

8.4.3	'Aspect adjust' = 'Pixel'	34
8.5	Items Associated with the Adjust keyers group.....	35
8.6	Items Associated with the Adjust sources group.....	36
8.6.1	Menu items common to all inputs	37
8.6.2	DVI Source Menu Items	40
8.6.3	RGB Source Menu Items.....	42
8.6.4	CV & YC Source Menu Items	43
8.6.5	Still Image Store / Testcard Source Menu Items.....	44
8.7	Items Associated with the Adjust borders group.....	44
8.8	Items associated with the Adjust transitions group	45
8.9	Items associated with the Adjust resolutions group	46
8.10	Items Associated with the System group.....	49
9	SERIAL PORT	54
9.1	Connection	54
9.2	Communications protocol	54
10	SERIAL / IP CONTROL SPECIFICATION	56
10.1	Communication protocol basics	56
10.2	Packet format	57
10.3	Function list	59
10.4	Examples	67
10.5	Reading and writing macros	68
10.5.1	Reading a previously stored Macro	69
10.5.2	Writing to a macro	69
10.5.3	Run and Restore macros.....	70
10.5.4	Emulate a front panel button press.....	70
10.5.5	Reset command	75
	COMMON OPERATIONS	76
10.6	Operation of the Keyer	76
10.6.1	Preparation:.....	76
10.6.2	Adjustment:	76
11	TROUBLESHOOTING AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT	78
11.1	There is no picture on the Output	78
11.2	The image is shifted and not fully viewable	78
11.3	The output resolutions no longer appear as expected.	78
11.4	There is excessive flicker on the Output	79
11.5	The Output image is distorted.	79

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

11.6	Some colors appear to be incorrect on the CV/YC output.....	79
11.7	How can I reduce color smearing on CV connections?.....	79
11.8	I can no longer adjust the Output image resolution.....	79
11.9	The picture on the video display is black and white.	79
11.10	The picture on the video display is green.	79
11.11	The RGB input is selected but the image is rolling or pink.	80
11.12	The video signal from my DVD player does not appear to work.....	80
11.13	Image is flashing, snow is present, or source image does not appear.	80
12	RETURN PROCEDURE	81
12.1	Are you sure there's a fault?	81
12.2	To return a unit for repair.....	81
13	WARRANTY POLICY	83
14	CONNECTOR PINOUTS.....	84
14.1	DVI-I connector	84
14.2	RS232 / D9 socket	84
15	SPECIFICATIONS	85
15.1	DVI-I Input.....	85
15.2	PC/HD Scaled Output	85
15.3	Locking/Mixing	85
15.4	Scaling / sampling / memory	85
15.5	Warranty	86
15.6	Regulatory Compliance	86
15.7	Environmental	86
15.8	Power Requirement.....	86
15.9	Control Methods.....	86
15.10	Accessories Included	86
15.11	Mechanical.....	86
15.12	Optional Accessories.....	86
16	CONTACT INFORMATION.....	87

1 DISCLAIMER

This product is intended for professional and/or home use. This product is not intended for use in a medical environment and does not have the required certifications for such use. Similarly, use aboard any aircraft or spacecraft while in flight or as an adjunct to any surface, airborne or marine navigation system or any offshore marine activity, including control of any watercraft, or any use similar to those specifically herein mentioned is prohibited. Use in the aforementioned circumstances would require additional testing and certification.

You have not become the owner of any software - you have merely purchased the right to use the software. You may make one copy of the software for your own use. Other copies will be deemed a breach of copyright.

No warranty is made either expressed or implied including but not limited to any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall the supplier or manufacturer of this product be liable for errors found within, or be liable for any direct, indirect or consequential damages or loss in connection with the purchase or use of this hardware software or manual. The sole and exclusive liability to the supplier and manufacturer regardless of the form of action shall not exceed the replacement cost of the materials described herein.

By using this equipment you have indicated that you have agreed to the terms listed above. If you do not wish to agree or the above terms are contrary to your conditions of purchase you may return the equipment, unused, to your supplier. All trademarks and copyrights are acknowledged. E&OE.

1.1 Regulatory Agency Acceptance

European 'CE' Mark Statement

Emissions: BS EN 61000-6-3:2001 (Generic Immunity Standard for Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial)

Immunity: BS EN 61000-6-1:2001 (Generic Immunity Standard for Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial)

1.2 FCC Statement

Class A Device: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide a reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the Instruction Manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Caution: This equipment is intended for use in the manner prescribed in the Instruction Manual. Any user changes or modifications not expressly approved by TV One Multimedia Solutions could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. Connecting this equipment to external devices requires no specially shielded cabling for FCC compliance. The Instruction Manual shows or describes the proper connection of this equipment for operation that insures FCC compliance.

Direct all inquiries regarding FCC compliance to:

TV One Multimedia Solutions
2791 Circleport Drive
Erlanger, KY 41018
USA
Tel 859-282-7303
Fax 859-282-8225

1.3 Manual Version Information

Version: 2.14

Release Date: November, 2010

1.4 Manual Copyright Notice

This Operation Manual is the intellectual property of TV One, ©2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010. No portion of this manual may be copied or reproduced in any manner or by any means, including, but not limited to electronic and electro-mechanical, without the express written permission of TV One.

2 IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

To insure the best from this product, please read this manual carefully. Keep it in a safe place for future reference.

To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not remove the cover from the unit. No user serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified personnel.

2.1 Power and connections

This unit must be connected to a mains socket outlet with a protective earth connection.

This unit is not disconnected from the AC power source as long as it is connected to the wall outlet. The off state for this unit is called standby mode. In standby mode the unit is designed to consume a reduced quantity of power compared to normal operating modes.

When not using the unit for a long period of time, insure that the AC power cord is disconnected from the wall outlet.

The AC wall outlet should be installed near to the unit and be easily accessible.

Do not plug in or attempt to operate an obviously damaged unit.

2.2 Water and moisture

To reduce the risk of fire and personal injury, operation of this device outdoors and/or exposure to rain, water or excessive moisture is expressly prohibited.

The apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the apparatus.

2.3 General care

Do not force switches or external connections.

When moving the unit, disconnect the serial port connections first then the power cable and finally the interconnecting cables to other devices.

Do not attempt to clean the unit with chemical solvents or aerosol cleaners, as this may damage the unit. Use a clean dry cloth.

2.4 Location

Installation of this unit should be in a cool dry place, away from sources of excessive heat, vibration, dust, moisture and cold.

2.5 Ventilation

Slots and openings in the sides of the unit are provided for ventilation. To ensure reliable operation, avoid obstruction of these openings and ensure the unit is installed in a well-ventilated area.

2.6 Intellectual property

Some IC chips in this product include confidential and/or trade secret property. Therefore you may not copy, modify, adapt, translate, distribute, reverse engineer, reverse assemble or decompile the contents thereof.

2.0 IMPORTANT: CONSIGNES DE SECURITE

Afin de tirer le meilleur de ce produit, merci de lire attentivement ce manuel. Gardez-le dans un endroit sûr pour pouvoir le consulter à nouveau.

Afin de réduire le risque de choc électrique, ne retirez pas l'unité de sa protection.

Aucune pièce réparable par l'utilisateur à l'intérieur. Référez-vous à des personnes qualifiées.

2.1 Alimentation électrique et connexions

Il faut brancher l'appareil sur une prise du secteur disposant d'une mise à la terre.

Cette unité n'est pas déconnectée de la source de courant électrique tant qu'elle est connectée à la prise murale. Le mode éteint de cette unité est appelé mode de veille. En mode de veille, cette unité est conçue pour consommer une quantité réduite de courant par rapport aux modes normaux d'utilisation.

Lorsque vous n'utilisez pas l'unité pendant une longue période, assurez-vous que le câble d'alimentation électrique est déconnecté de la prise murale.

La prise murale de courant doit être installée près de l'unité et aisément accessible.

Ne branchez pas et n'essayez pas d'utiliser une unité visiblement endommagée.

2.2 Eau et humidité

Pour réduire les risques d'incendie et de dommages corporels, l'utilisation de cet appareil à l'extérieur et/ou son exposition à la pluie, l'eau ou une humidité excessive est expressément interdite.

L'appareil ne doit pas être exposé aux gouttes ou aux éclaboussures et aucun objet contenant de l'eau, comme par exemple un vase, ne doit être posé sur l'appareil.

2.3 Entretien général

Ne forcez pas les boutons ou connexions externes.

Lorsque vous déplacez l'unité, déconnectez d'abord les connexions de ports en série puis le câble d'alimentation et enfin les câbles de connexion avec d'autres appareils.

N'essayez pas de nettoyer l'unité avec des dissolvants chimiques ou des produits nettoyants en aérosol, car cela peut endommager l'unité. Utilisez un chiffon propre et sec.

2.4 Emplacement

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

L'installation de cette unité doit se faire dans un endroit frais et sec, éloigné de sources excessives de chaleur, de vibrations, de poussière, d'humidité et de froid.

2.5 Aération

Les rainures et les ouvertures sur les cotés de l'unité servent à l'aérer. Pour permettre une utilisation sûre, évitez d'obstruer ces ouvertures et assurez-vous que l'unité est installée dans un endroit bien aéré.

2.6 Propriété intellectuelle

Certaines puces IC dans ce produit contiennent des éléments propriétaires confidentiels et/ou des secrets commerciaux. Vous ne devez donc pas copier, modifier, adapter, traduire, distribuer, démonter, désassembler, ou décomposer leur contenu.

2.0 INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Para sacar el mejor provecho de este producto, léase este manual con detenimiento. Guárdelo en un lugar seguro para poder hacerle referencia en el futuro.

Para reducir el riesgo de calambre, no quite la cubierta del aparato.

No hay piezas utilizables dentro. Remítase todo mantenimiento a personal cualificado.

2.1 Corriente y conexiones

Esta unidad debe estar conectada a una toma de corriente eléctrica con una conexión a tierra de protección.

Mientras esté conectada a una toma de electricidad, el aparato seguirá conectado a la fuente de corriente CA. A la posición de «off» de este aparato se le denomina posición de espera. En la posición de espera, el aparato está diseñado a consumir una cantidad reducida de electricidad en comparación con los modos de operación normales.

Asegúrese de desconectar el cable de corriente CA de la toma de la pared cuando no va a utilizar el aparato por un periodo largo de tiempo.

La toma CA de la pared ha de estar instalada cerca del aparato y debe ser fácilmente accesible.

No enchufe ni intente operar un aparato que esté evidentemente dañado.

2.2 Agua y humedad

Para reducir el riesgo de fuego o de daños personales, se prohíbe la utilización de este aparato en el exterior y/o su exposición a la lluvia, al agua o a atmósferas de excesiva humedad.

El aparato no debe situarse cerca de zonas en las que haya riesgo de goteo o salpicaduras. Tampoco deben colocarse objetos que contengan agua (jarrones, por ejemplo) en el mismo.

2.3 Cuidado general

No forzar interruptores o conexiones externas.

Al mover el aparato, desconecte las conexiones del puerto en serie primero, luego el cable de electricidad y finalmente los cables interconectados a otros aparatos. No intente limpiar el aparato con disolventes químicos o productos de limpieza aerosol, ya que podrían dañar el aparato. Utiliza un paño limpio y seco.

2.4 Ubicación

Este aparato se debe instalar en un lugar seco y fresco, lejos de fuentes de calor excesivas, la vibración, el polvo, la humedad y el frío.

2.5 Ventilación

El aparato viene provisto de ranuras y agujeros en los lados para la ventilación.

Para asegurar una operación eficaz, se debe evitar la obstrucción de estos agujeros y también asegurar que el aparato se instale en una zona con adecuada ventilación.

2.6 Propiedad intelectual

Algunos chips con circuito integrado de este producto incluyen propiedad confidencial y/o propiedad de secreto comercial. Por lo tanto queda prohibido copiar, modificar, adaptar, traducir, distribuir, usar técnicas retroactivas, desmontar, o recopilar los contenidos del mismo.

2.0 WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSVORSCHRIFTEN

Lesen Sie diese Bedienungsanleitung bitte sorgfältig, um Ihr Produkt optimal nützen zu können, und bewahren Sie sie zum späteren Nachschlagen an einem sicheren Ort auf.

Entfernen Sie bitte keinesfalls die Abdeckung, um der Gefahr eines Stromschlags vorzubeugen.

Im Inneren des Geräts befinden sich keine Teile, die vom Benutzer gewartet werden können. Lassen Sie Wartungsarbeiten nur von Fachpersonal durchführen.

2.1 Stromversorgung und anschlüsse

Das Gerät muss an eine geerdete Netzsteckdose angeschlossen werden.

Solange das Gerät mit einer Steckdose verbunden ist, bleibt die Stromversorgung aufrecht. Der Ausschaltzustand des Geräts wird als Standbymodus bezeichnet. Im Standbymodus verbraucht das Gerät weniger Strom als in den üblichen Betriebsarten.

Wird das Gerät über einen längeren Zeitraum hinweg nicht verwendet, ziehen Sie bitte das Stromkabel aus der Steckdose.

Die Steckdose sollte sich in der Nähe des Geräts befinden und leicht zugänglich sein.

Verbinden Sie ein offensichtlich beschädigtes Gerät keinesfalls mit einer Steckdose und versuchen Sie auch nicht, es zu bedienen.

2.2 Wasser und feuchtigkeit

Um die Gefahr eines Brandes oder einer Körperverletzung zu verringern, ist es ausdrücklich verboten, dieses Gerät im Freien in Betrieb zu nehmen und/oder es Regen, Wasser oder hoher Feuchtigkeit auszusetzen.

Das Gerät darf keinen Tropfen oder Spritzern ausgesetzt werden und es dürfen keine mit Flüssigkeiten gefüllte Behälter, wie Vasen, auf das Gerät gestellt werden.

2.3 Allgemeine pflege

Wenden Sie bei der Handhabung von Schaltern und Anschlüssen keine Gewalt an.

Beim Umstellen des Geräts entfernen Sie zuerst die seriellen Anschlüsse, dann das Stromkabel und zum Schluss die Verbindungskabel zu anderen Geräten.

Versuchen Sie keinesfalls, das Gerät mit chemischen Lösungsmitteln oder Sprayreinigern zu reinigen, da dies das Gerät beschädigen könnte. Verwenden Sie ein sauberes, trockenes Tuch.

2.3 Aufstellung

Das Gerät sollte an einem kühlen, trockenen Ort aufgestellt werden, fern von übermäßiger Wärme, Vibrationen, Staub, Feuchtigkeit und Kälte.

2.5 Belüftung

Seitliche Schlitze und Öffnungen sorgen für die Belüftung des Geräts. Um die ordnungsgemäße Belüftung zu gewährleisten, dürfen diese Öffnungen nicht verdeckt werden. Sorgen Sie außerdem dafür, dass das Gerät an einem gut belüfteten Ort aufgestellt wird.

2.6 Gewerbliches eigentum

Einige integrierte Schaltkreise in diesem Produkt enthalten vertrauliche

Informationen und/oder Betriebsgeheimnisse. Sie dürfen daher diese Inhalte nicht kopieren, modifizieren, adaptieren, übersetzen, verteilen, rückentwickeln, rückassemblieren oder dekompileieren.

2.0 BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Lees deze handleiding zorgvuldig door om het beste uit uw product te halen. Bewaar het op een veilige plek voor raadpleging in de toekomst.

Haal nooit het omhulsel van de eenheid af, dit om de kans op een elektrische schok te verminderen. Maak het apparaat nooit open: er bevinden zich geen door de gebruiker in te stellen onderdelen in het apparaat. Laat service en onderhoud over aan een gekwalificeerde technicus.

2.1 Elektriciteit en aansluiting

Dit toestel moet worden aangesloten op een netcontactdoos met een aardsluitingsbeveiliging.

Deze eenheid is niet van de wisselstroom voedingsbron gescheiden wanneer de stekker nog in het stopcontact zit. Wanneer de eenheid uitstaat, staat deze nog in de stand-by modus. In de stand-by modus vergt de eenheid minder stroom dan in de normale "aan" modus.

Wanneer u de eenheid voor langere tijd niet gebruikt, zorg er dan voor dat de stekker van het wisselstroomsnoer uit het stopcontact is getrokken.

Het wisselstroom stopcontact moet dichtbij de eenheid geïnstalleerd worden en makkelijk toegankelijk zijn.

Als de eenheid duidelijk beschadigd is moet u deze nooit op het lichtnet aansluiten of bedienen.

2.2 Water en vocht

Om het risico op brand en persoonlijk letsel te beperken is het gebruik van dit apparaat buiten en/of blootstelling aan regen, water of overdadige hoeveelheden vocht uitdrukkelijk verboden.

Het apparaat mag niet worden blootgesteld aan druppels of bespatting en er mogen geen objecten die gevuld zijn met vloeistoffen, zoals vazen, op het apparaat geplaatst worden.

2.3 Algemeen onderhoud

Forceer schakelaars of externe aansluitingen nooit.

Bij verplaatsing van de eenheid, de seriële poortaansluitingen eerst loskoppelen, dan de voedingskabel en als laatste de snoeren naar andere apparaten. Probeer de eenheid nooit met chemische oplosmiddelen of schoonmaakmiddelen in een spuitbus schoon te maken, omdat dit de eenheid kan beschadigen. Gebruik een schone droge doek.

2.4 Plaatsing

Deze eenheid moet geïnstalleerd worden op een koele droge plaats, uit de buurt van bronnen van extreme hitte, vibraties, stof, vocht en kou.

2.5 Ventilatie

De sleuven en openingen aan de zijkant van de eenheid zijn voor ventilatie. Zorg er voor dat de eenheid op een goed geventileerde plek geïnstalleerd wordt zodat deze betrouwbaar werkt.

2.6 Intellectueel eigendom

Sommige IC chips in dit product bevatten vertrouwelijke informatie en/of fabrieksgeheimen. U mag daarom de inhoud hiervan niet kopiëren, wijzigen, aanpassen, vertalen, verspreiden, nabouwen, of decompileren.

3 DEVICE SUMMARY

3.1 Device Capabilities

The 1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 units use the proprietary CORIO®2 Engine to perform their functions, being the second generation of the successful CORIO® products. The CORIO®2 technology is a powerful toolset for any application requiring high quality video signal conversion or image manipulation.

The 1T-C2-750 unit features dual video processing and scaling engines, along with video mixing, keying and fader capabilities. These functions offer flexibility for supporting dual picture-in-picture with a wide range of inputs and outputs over DVI and RGBHV, RGsB, RGBS and YPbPr resolutions.

The 1T-C2-760 unit features a single bandwidth-enhanced video processing and scaling engine, along with video mixing, keying, fader and edge-blending capabilities. These functions allow the flexibility for supporting single picture-in-picture with a wide range of inputs and outputs over DVI and RGBHV, RGsB, RGBS and YPbPr resolutions.

Both units are well suited in the professional, broadcast, presentation & display environments.

3.2 Device Features

General Topography

4:4:4 RGB / YUV sampling provides full bandwidth color which allows precise keying.

Ultimate flexibility

The 1T-C2 series' output signal format flexibility assures that the Native Resolution of virtually any display can be matched. Because of the resolution calculator (included in the Windows® Control Panel), even new resolutions can be added to the unit. Signal parameter adjustments can be made for each video input and are stored in individual non-volatile memories for retrieval once the unit's power has been removed.

Simple Control

The unit can be controlled in various ways. One option is to control it from the front panel using the keys on the front of the unit. Another option would be to control the unit from an infra-red remote control. It can also be controlled via RS-232 using the Windows Control Panel.

The Windows Control Panel is available for download from our Internet site and affords complete control of the unit and adds Scripting to facilitate long, complex sequences of commands.

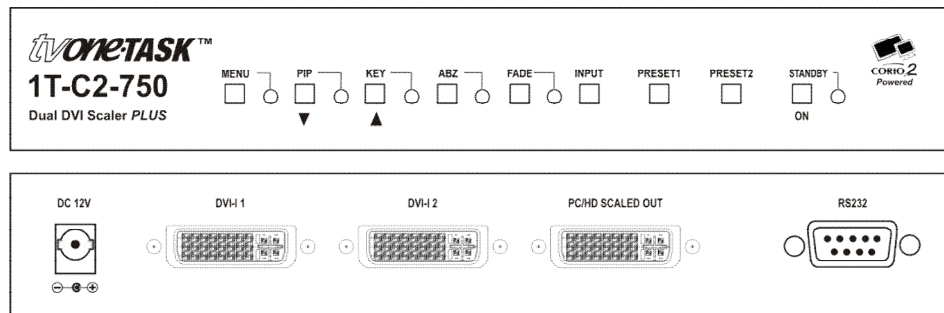
Upgradeability

All 1T-C2 units benefit from firmware upgradeability, thus reducing product obsolescence by allowing the installation of the latest version of firmware. This not only applies to the software used to control the unit, but also to the range of resolutions stored inside the unit, the addition of new features, and upgrades to the heart of the image processing hardware – the CORIO®2 scaling engine. See <http://www.tvone.com/support> for more detail.

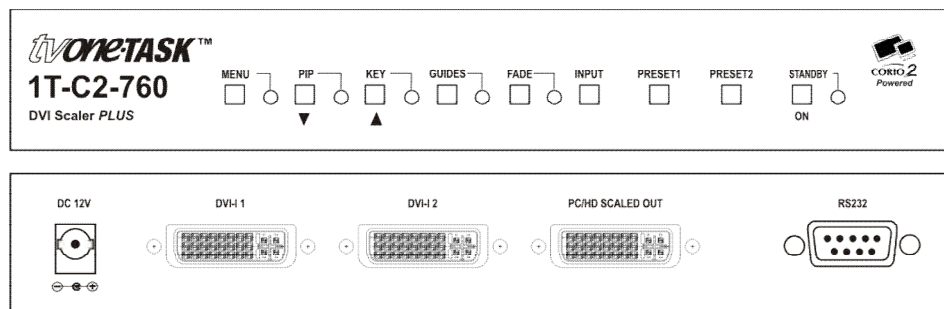
1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

4 PRODUCT IMAGES

4.1 1T-C2-750 unit



4.2 1T-C2-760 unit

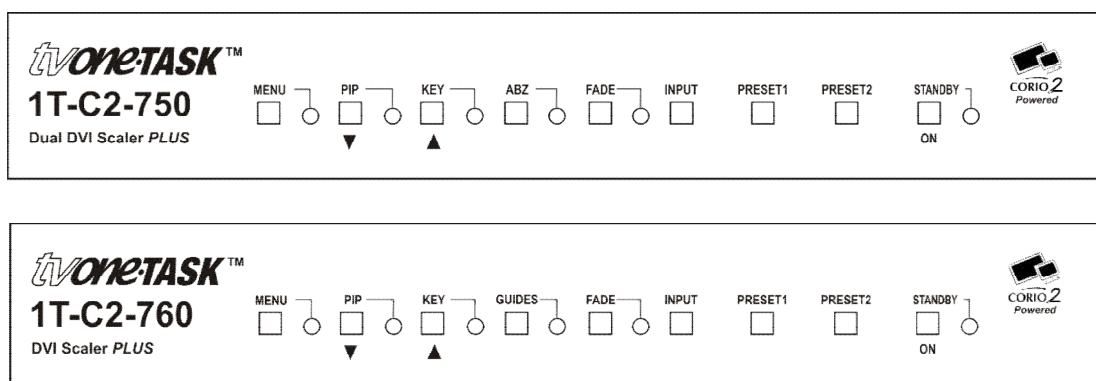


5 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

The range of buttons on the front of your unit provides the user with quick access for selecting a variety of features. In addition, the MENU button, ↓ button, and ↑ button set on the front panel provide the user with a way of navigating the on-screen-display (OSD) menu system.

The RS232 interface and infra-red remote control also provide further ways of controlling your unit, which are detailed in a later section.

Both the 1T-C2-750 and 1T-C2-760 units have similar front panel controls:



5.1 Button controls

Button	Button Function
MENU	Press once to show the on-screen display (OSD). Hold in to cancel the OSD. Hold in for longer to store the current settings.
PIP ↓	If OSD is not active, this button toggles the picture-in-picture (Shrink) feature on and off.
KEY ↑	Enables keying – see 'Adjust keyers' menu. (Key color defaults to black, so black foreground will disappear.)
ABZ	Controls the window (A, B or Z) being adjusted. The LED will be off for window A, on for window B and flash for window Z. (1T-C2-750 only)
GUIDES	Turns edge-blending lines On and Off (1T-C2-760 only)
FADE	Fades out the current window – fades back in on next press
INPUT	Cycles between the rear-panel inputs (DVI-I1 and DVI-I2).
PRESET1 & PRESET2	A single press will load up a pre-defined Preset. Hold the button in to make the current settings overwrite the Preset. Hold in for longer to erase the Preset back to factory defaults. See later for default Preset settings.
STANDBY	Hold in to put the unit into Standby (power-save) mode. Press once to come out of Standby mode.

5.2 MENU ↓ and ↑ buttons

The on-screen display (OSD) is controlled from the front panel by using these buttons. MENU will activate the OSD, whilst the ↓ and ↑ arrowed keys will allow different menu items to be selected and adjusted – this is detailed in a later section.

5.3 Advanced menus

System	
Advanced menus	[Off]

The above menu item must be 'On' to activate certain menu items. These typically control the more advanced items in the menus.

5.4 Special button combinations and functions

Various button combinations are available to perform certain functions:



These button combinations only work when the unit is switched on and active i.e. with the STANDBY/ON LED off.

5.4.1 Locking front panel buttons & IR remote control

This can be performed by pressing STANDBY/ON and INPUT at the same time. All front panel buttons and IR remote commands will be disabled, with the exception of repeating the above combination to un-lock the unit and for storing the current locked buttons setting (thus letting you make sure the unit always starts up with the buttons locked). The IR remote's LOCK and STORE buttons will always be active, giving another way to turn button/IR remote locking off.

The STANDBY/ON button will flash when the unit's buttons are locked.

5.4.2 Restore power-on settings

Should your current settings not allow you to see the on-screen display (OSD), restoring the last-saved settings might be useful. This can be done by pressing STANDBY/ON and MENU at the same time until a single beep is heard.

5.4.3 Factory Reset

If you wish to restore all operational parameters to their original condition (for example, if saved settings prevent the unit from working with your display monitor), hold the STANDBY/ON and MENU buttons in together until at least two beeps are heard.



All stored settings except resolutions are lost when the unit is reset. A Firmware update is the only way to perform a complete factory reset (including resolution data).

5.4.4 Switching between different resolutions using the front panel

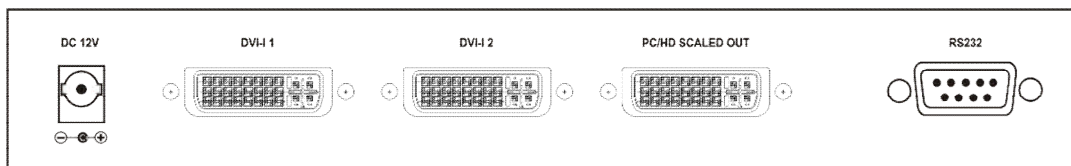
Your unit will default to outputting 1280x1024@60Hz after a Factory Reset. Should your display or output device not support the default resolution, or if you wish to have quick access to an alternate resolution, the following button combinations below can be used.

Please note that these changes will have no immediate effect if the unit is locked to one of the DVI-I sources – as that source will define the output resolution.

Button combination	Resolution	Output type
MENU & PIP	720x480@59.94Hz	Tri-level component (YPbPr)
MENU & KEY	1280x720@59.94Hz	Tri-level component (YPbPr)
MENU & ABZ/GUIDES	1280x1024@60Hz	RGB

6 VIDEO INPUTS, OUTPUTS AND SCALERS

The 1T-C2-750 and 1T-C2-760 units both have two identical DVI-I inputs and one DVI-I output.



6.1 DVI-I inputs

Each input can accept:

- Digital DVI-D (maximum 1920x1200@60Hz / 1080p60)
(1T-C2-760 also supports 2880x900@60Hz)
- Analog RGBHV
- Analog RGsB (sync on green)
- Analog RGBS (composite sync at TTL levels)
- Analog YUV/YPbPr (including tri-level)

In most cases, the particular input being used will be auto-detected – with DVI-D taking priority over any analog source. See 'Adjust sources' for more information on manually selecting an input type.

6.2 PC/HD Scaler DVI-I output

The output can support DVI-D and an analog output type (as defined in 'Adjust outputs') simultaneously:

- Digital DVI-D (maximum 1920x1200@60Hz / 1080p60)
(1T-C2-760 also supports 2880x900@60Hz)
- Analog RGBHV
- Analog RGsB (sync on green)
- Analog RGBS (composite sync at TTL levels)
- Analog YUV/YPbPr (including tri-level)

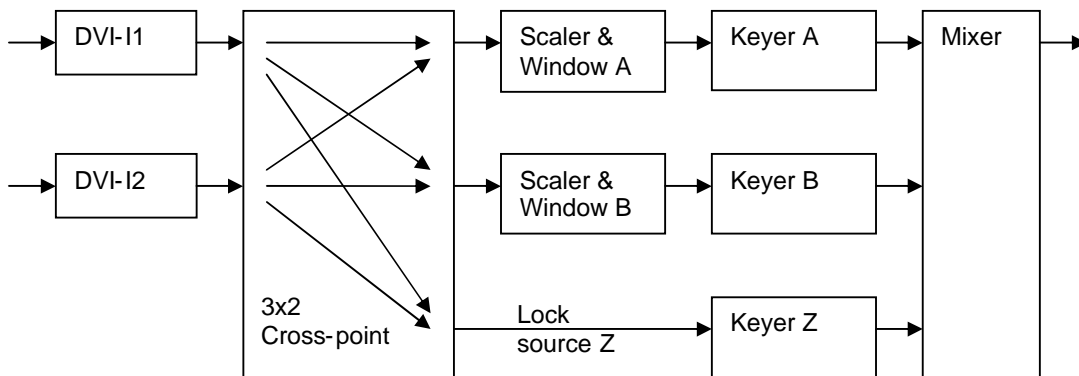
The 'Adjust outputs' menu can be used to change the output resolution and the sync/video format.

HD resolutions (such as 720p and 1080i) default to tYUV (tri-level YUV) and therefore may appear purple on a standard DVI monitor. This can be turned back to RGBHV in the 'Adjust outputs' menu.

6.3 1T-C2-750 Block diagram

This unit has 2 scaling engines and 3 keyers whose outputs are mixed together to form a single image, as in the block diagram below:

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL



As the diagram shows, the 2 DVI-I inputs are available for use by either of the scalers, or as a 'lock source' (also known as window Z) – where the output is synchronized to an input (see Adjust outputs).

Windows A & B can be scaled (which is any combination of Zoom, Shrink, Flip, etc. available in Adjust windows), and then each window (A, B or Z) can be keyed to remove any color (or nearby range of colors) using the Adjust keyers menu.

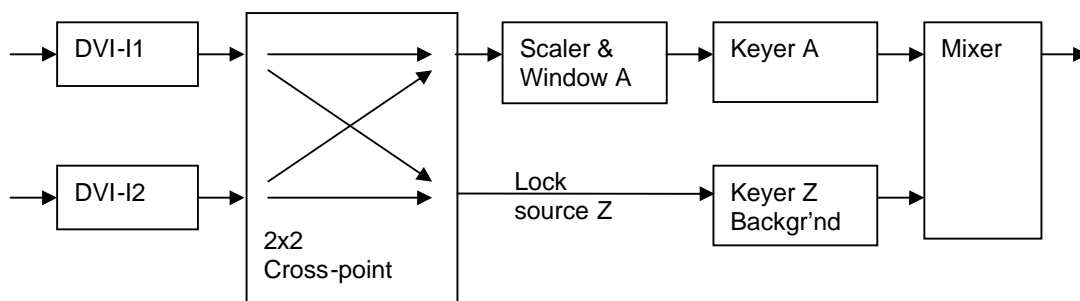
The resulting windows are merged together into a single output, according to the layer priority as set in Adjust windows.

Not shown in the above diagram are the Still Image Stores (SIS1 & SIS2) which can provide a static source for either Window A or B (but not background Z), nor the border generators which can place borders of any color or opacity around each window.

The 10 Presets built into the unit have been pre-defined with various sample settings to show some of the available configurations, but can be overridden by the user.

6.4 1T-C2-760 Block diagram

The unit has 1 bandwidth-enhanced scaling engine and 2 keyers whose outputs are mixed together to form a single image, as in the block diagram below:



1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

As the diagram shows, the 2 DVI-I inputs are available for use by the scaler, or as a 'lock source' (also known as window Z or background) – where the output is synchronized to an input (see Adjust outputs).

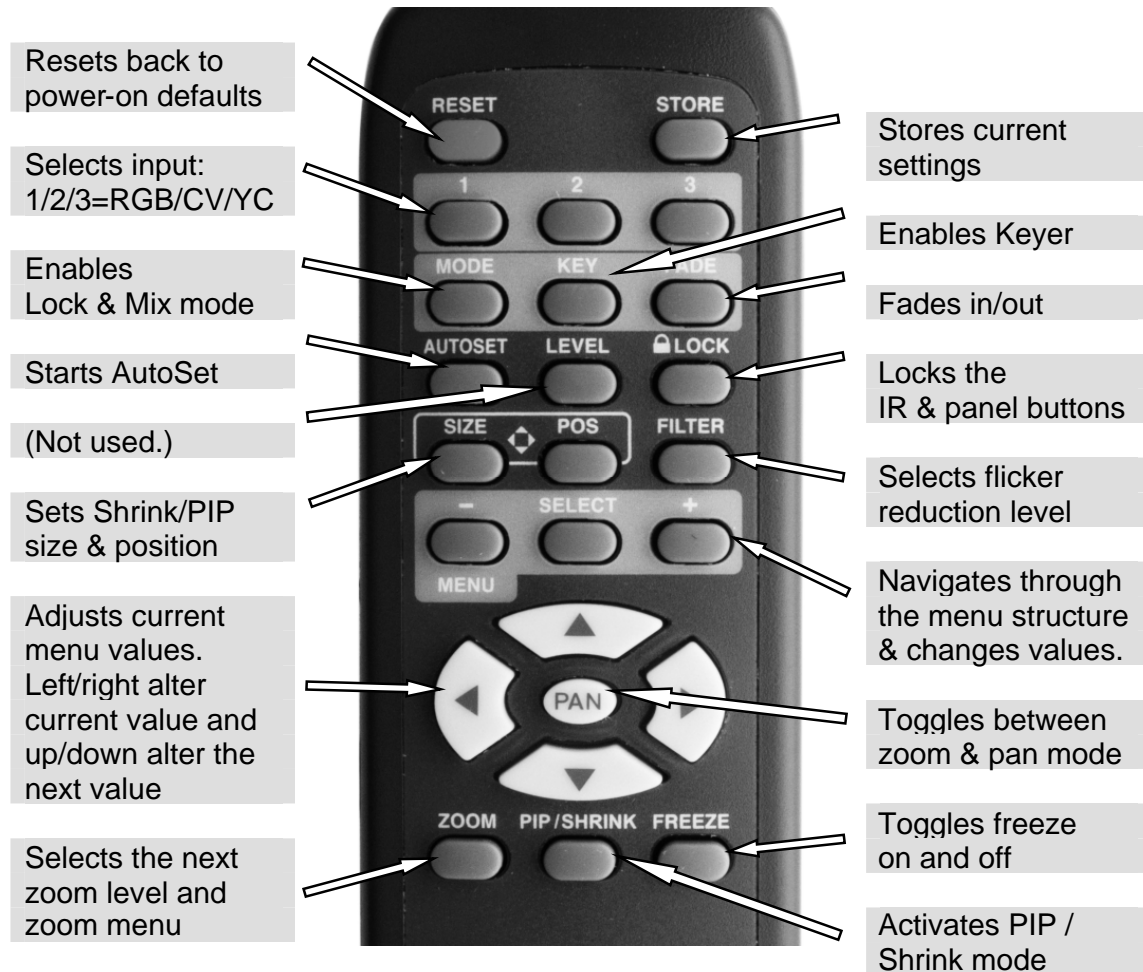
Window A can be scaled (which is any combination of Zoom, Shrink, Flip, etc. available in Adjust windows) and then either of the windows (A/Foreground or Z/Background) can be keyed to remove any color (or nearby range of colors) using the Adjust keyers menu.

The resulting windows are merged together into a single output, according to the Swap fore/back layer priority as set in Adjust keyers.

Not shown in the above diagram is the Still Image Stores (SIS1) which can provide a static source for Window A (but not background Z), nor the border generators which can place borders of any color or opacity around each window.

7 INFRA-RED REMOTE CONTROL

Your unit is compatible with an optional infra-red remote control as shown below:



The transmit range of the remote control depends on many factors, but is designed to be fairly directional. Therefore you should always aim it directly towards your unit.

The IR remote control can be disabled in the System menu. This can be used in situations where multiple units respond to the same remote control or are located close to one another.

8 MENU LAYOUT AND SETTINGS ADJUSTMENT

From here on, we'll be looking at the menu structure employed in the series and, more importantly, the individual menu items that allow you to take advantage of the power of the unit.

You'll be using the MENU ↓ and ↑ buttons and the on-screen display (OSD) to view the options and settings available to you. The OSD can be activated by pressing the MENU button once. Holding the MENU button in for a short while will then close the OSD.

Whilst the OSD is active, use the ↓ and ↑ buttons to change where you are in the menu. Go into a sub menu by pressing the MENU button once. To exit a sub menu, scroll using the ↓ or ↑ button to the end of the sub-menu to reveal Exit. Push in the MENU button to exit the sub menu.

You can edit a value in brackets '[]' by pressing the MENU button once (you'll note that the brackets surrounding a particular parameter's value will begin to flash). Change the value by using the ↓ and ↑ buttons to decrease and increase the value respectively. Then finalize your adjustment by pressing the MENU button once more.

A few menu items have multiple parameters within an individual menu selection. In those cases, you can adjust one item, and then move to the next, etc.



Holding the MENU button in for a few seconds stores all changes in memory. Unless you intentionally change it again later, the adjustment will remain even after power is removed from the unit.



Holding the SELECT button in for a few seconds stores all changes in memory. Unless you intentionally change it again later, the adjustment will remain even after power is removed from the unit. The High Level Menu Structure

Menus are arranged so that a particular general function has a menu name on the top line and beneath that either a sub-menu or one or more related individual settings are displayed.

In some cases the functionality is global – meaning it has an effect on the unit as a whole (such as changing the output resolution). In the majority of cases, the function is related to a specific operational area of the unit, detailed by the text in the top line.

There are two screens that appear before the Group Menus (sub-menus) are accessed.

CORIO2
TV One

The first is the 'welcome' display shown above indicating the model of the unit.

www.tvone.com
SW: 65. PT: 12, BT: 13

Moving to the next menu item displays the firmware information screen (the numbers on your unit will be different to those shown). The SW number refers to the version of firmware loaded into the unit, this can be upgraded from the support website.

The PT and BT numbers refer to Hardware version information and are of interest to the Technical Support Group should you ever need assistance.

At the end of all Group Menus will be an 'Exit' item. Simply select this to exit the existing menu structure and return to the previous one in the hierarchy.

8.1 Group Names and Descriptions

Menu Group Name	Group Description
Adjust presets	Load / Store / Erase Presets
Adjust outputs	Controls output parameters
Adjust windows	Controls characteristics of the scaled window
Adjust keyers	Controls the keying ability of the unit
Adjust sources	Controls signal source input parameters
Adjust borders	Controls the window border functions
Adjust transitions	Controls input transitions
Adjust resolutions	Controls unit's input/output resolution table
System	Controls global system parameters for the unit

Note that the 'Advanced menus' menu item must be 'On' to activate certain menu items.

8.2 Adjust presets menu item

Presets allow you to store up to 10 different setups of window size, position and keying controls. These are non-volatile and can be instantly recalled at a later time. They are only erased during a firmware update of the unit.

Presets only store and recall values in the Adjust outputs, Adjust windows, Adjust keyers, Adjust borders and Adjust logos menus (where your unit supports these). To store values present in the 'Adjust sources' menu, use the 'Push to Store' menu item found in 'Adjust system' or the special buttons on your unit..

Adjust preset [1] Load Store Erase

Once you have set your unit up in the way you want it to be, simply select the Preset number you want to store the setup detail into, and select the 'Store' item.

At a later time, you can then recall the whole setup by again selecting the correct Preset number and clicking on the 'Load' item.

The 'Erase' item only erases the select Preset number – all other Presets are unaffected. Erasing a Preset returns all those settings to Factory Defaults.

Some units will have dedicated PRESET buttons, in which case:

1. Press and release to Load the Preset
2. Press and hold to Store the current settings to the Preset
3. Press and hold for much longer to Erase the Preset.

8.3 Items Associated with the Adjust outputs group

This menu group allows adjustments to be made that specifically affect the output of the unit, including output resolution and locking/overlaying onto a computer or video source.

800 x 600 60Hz Lock mode [Off] [RGB1]
--

This menu item allows the lock mode to be selected and the lock source to be defined. The top line of the display shows the current detected resolution of the selected lock source (RGB1 in this example). The lock mode can be either Off, Genlock or Lock & Mix, with the operation of these shown in the following table:

Lock mode	Description
Off	The output resolution of the Output is defined by the setting for Output Resolution and there will be no background source visible.
Genlock	The output video will be "Genlocked" to the selected lock source. The output signal will be synchronous to the input sync and adjustable but there will still be no lock source visible.

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Lock & Mix	The output video will be locked to the selected source, the syncs will be locked (but with an additional internal video processing delay) and the background for the output will be that of the Lock source (unless foreground and background are swapped).
Frm.lock*	The frame rate of the output will be locked to the frame rate of the input. This can only work if the output resolution frame rate matches that of the lock source frame rate. 'Frm.lock' will flash until a highly stable lock has been achieved.

**Only certain models support this.*

In both Genlock and Lock & Mix modes the source selected for the lock input determines the resolution of the Output image. The output resolution for the entire image can be no different than the resolution of the lock source. All synchronization signals are re-generated within the unit so they may look slightly different when compared on an oscilloscope to the original source.

In Frame-lock mode, the output resolution is independent of the lock source, but the frame-rate must match that of the source (e.g. 1280x1024 60Hz can be frame-locked to 640x480 60Hz). Frame-lock is very useful for synchronizing a HD-SDI output (e.g. 1080i 59.94Hz) to a composite video source (e.g. NTSC), or for scaling one resolution to another while avoiding any potential frame-rate conversion artifacts.

'H/V shift' can be used to align the output to the input more accurately, but this may cause instability until the lock is re-acquired ('Frm.lock' will flash).

Before turning the Lock feature on, you first must select a valid Lock source. Some units may not have all Lock sources available, depending on hardware limitations – see Specifications for details of limitations on your unit.

If the Lock source you choose is not valid, then Genlock or Lock & Mix will be temporarily disabled, until the Lock source becomes valid again. When disabled, the resolution previously specified in 'Output res' becomes the output resolution.

1024 x 768 60Hz	
Output res.	[28]

Your unit can handle a very wide array of inputs and convert them all to a single output signal with defined characteristics. This output resolution will remain in place until changed or it may be overridden by the lock mode and source.

The top line of the display will show the current output resolution selected. Some units will have a limited number of output resolutions depending on their function (e.g. Down Converters are more limited than Video Scalers).

1024 x 768 60Hz
HDCP (Active) On

HDCP is handled only on certain units with DVI outputs, so this menu may not appear on your own unit. HDCP is a 'High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection' system, which can ensure that a high definition video signal cannot be received by units not equipped with a HDCP receiver.

This menu lets you see the current status of the output and whether HDCP is supported or active, and also lets you turn off the output's HDCP encryption system. Note, however, that turning HDCP off at the output will also prevent HDCP-encrypted signals from being received by the unit – see the table below.

By default, HDCP on the output is turned On - so that if your attached DVI display is HDCP-compliant, then your output will be encrypted (regardless of whether the input to the scaler is encrypted). Note that you don't have to attach a display to the output of the scaler – another unit can be connected instead, in which case that unit is known as a 'repeater'.

Please also see the HDCP menu item in 'Adjust sources', as this controls availability of HDCP at the DVI input. The status message given in brackets has the following meaning:

Status message	Description	Effect
No display	There is no display attached (HOTPLUG is low).	Nothing will be output on the DVI connector.
Unavailable	The device attached is not capable of supporting HDCP.	As the DVI output cannot be HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.
Supported	The device attached is capable of HDCP, but the output is not currently encrypted.	As the DVI output is not HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.
Active	The device attached is capable of HDCP, and the output from the unit is encrypted.	As the DVI output is HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source can be selected for scaling. Note that no other output connector (SDI, CV, YC, YUV or RGBHV) will function – since they are not encrypted.
Rep. supprt	The repeater unit (e.g. scaler) attached is capable of HDCP, but the output is not currently encrypted.	As the DVI output is not HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source cannot be selected for scaling.
Rep. active	The repeater unit (e.g. scaler) attached is capable of HDCP, and the output from the unit is encrypted.	As the DVI output is HDCP encrypted, then a HDCP-encrypted source can be selected for scaling. Note that no other output connector (SDI, CV, YC, YUV or RGBHV) will function – since they are not encrypted.

Adjust outputs
Output type [RGBHV]

Adjust outputs
Anlog= [RGBHV] Dig= RGBHV

This menu may appear as either of the above – depending on whether the analog and digital outputs are controlled separately.

This menu item allows you to select the type of signal output your unit will provide. Types of output vary depending on the resolution selected and include various types of component signals YUV or tYUV (tri-level YUV) and the full range of RGB type signals RGBHV, RGBS and RGsB (Sync on green).

Note that this value is remembered for each resolution – so you can set 1024x768 60Hz to RGBHV and 1280x720 60Hz to tYUV and both will be remembered separately. This value is not affected by a Factory reset – but is reset by a firmware update.

Adjust outputs
Optimize for SDI [On]

This menu item is only available on certain units with an SDI output and when locking to a CV or YC input. An internal de-jitter circuit ensures that the SDI output has a low jitter over the full 10Hz to 100kHz range, even though the CV or YC input may have a high jitter. However, this is not always compatible with a CV/YC output where the colour sub-carrier should not be de-jittered and needs to follow a Lock source's input – hence it should be turned Off if the CV/YC outputs are going to be used.

Adjust outputs
Stand. [NTSC-M/PAL-BDGH]

This menu item is only available when the Output resolution is set to PAL or NTSC. With this you can change the output type to the PAL or NTSC standard with the further option of changing the output to the additional PAL & NTSC standards such as PAL-M or PAL-N. SECAM is also available as an output on some units, provided the 'Output res' is set to PAL / 50Hz.

Adjust outputs
Luma/chr BW [Med] / [Med]

This menu item is only available on certain units when the Output resolution is set to PAL or NTSC. With this you can change the output filtering system to increase or decrease the image sharpness. In general, high sharpness can result in increased colour disturbance.

Adjust outputs
Back Y/U/V [16] [128] [128]

Sets the value of the fixed background color, which is present when PIP is used with no Lock source background displayed. This menu item is only available for units with overlay, keying and fading abilities.

Adjust outputs Audio emb.	[On] [DVI-U1]
------------------------------	---------------

For certain units with HDMI and/or SDI-compatible inputs and outputs, the audio can be de-embedded from the video signal and sent to a compatible output.

'On' enables this to happen, and allows the audio source to be selected. 'WinA' sets the audio source to follow that of the main window's video source.

8.4 Items Associated with the Adjust windows group

This menu group allows adjustment to be made to window specific parameters such as the window source, its position, size and zoom level.

Window size adjustment can be performed in a number of different ways according to whether 'Aspect adjust' is set to Simple, Advanced or Pixel. The main part of this text assumes Simple mode – see later for a detailed description of the other modes.

Adjust windows Window to adjust	[A]
------------------------------------	-----

This menu item only appears on units with multiple windows or PIPs. It is used to select which one you want to modify. Alternatively, use one of the dedicated buttons on the front panel to choose the window to adjust.

NTSC / 60Hz Source	[YC1]
-----------------------	--------

The source display screen allows the input source for the currently selected window to be changed. The top line of the display shows the detected characteristics of the signal. Valid Input sources match those available on the front of the unit.

Certain units do not have full flexibility of Window source and Lock source when Genlock or Lock & Mix are active (in the Adjust outputs menu group). See the Specifications for your unit to see if any limitations are present.

Adjust windows Window enable	[On]
---------------------------------	-------

Available on certain units only, this quickly enables or disables the window being adjusted.

Adjust windows Zoom level %	[100]
--------------------------------	--------

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Changing this option, sets the amount of picture magnification you wish to use for the window Source. You are provided with the options to zoom the image from 100% to 1000% (10x zoom).

Adjust windows H/V zoom pan % [50] [50]
--

Once an image has been 'zoomed', this control allows the image to be positioned within the window so that any portion can be seen, not just the middle.

Adjust windows Image freeze [Off]

This menu item allows the image to be frozen or unfrozen – thus keeping a single image on screen indefinitely. Note that images are not stored when power is removed from the unit.

Adjust windows H/V crop % [0] 0

This allows the scaled image to be cropped at the top/bottom edges, or at the sides. Typically, this is used when performing a picture-in-picture (PIP) function (only available on certain models), where the incoming video signal has a letterbox or pillarbox size (i.e. it has black areas at the top/bottom or sides).

By adjusting the H/V values, you can crop out the black areas to correct the size on the final output screen. Note that it does not change the shape or aspect ratio of the image – but just removes the parts of the image that are not required.

Adjust windows H/V out shift [0] [0]

This positions the selected Window horizontally and vertically on the monitor. This should only be used for 'fine tuning' and should not normally require adjustment – use the Shrink H/V adjustment when your image is less than 100% Shrink value.

Adjust windows Shrink level% [50] [On]
--

Shrink Level determines the percentage of the monitor's total available screen space that the selected Window image occupies. Adjustment is provided for a reduction down to 10% of the overall output size. In most cases, this feature is used for picture-in-picture (PIP) when a background image is being used (for units with overlay abilities).

Note that some units do not have the [On] entry – this is only for units with a PIP button on the front, with turns this entry On and Off. On these units, this feature is 'Off' by default, so that the full image size of 100% is used. Shrink level will need to be turned On before any change to this value has an effect.

Adjust windows H/V position %	[100] [50]
----------------------------------	-------------

This menu option determines the position of the shrunken image on the monitor screen. This will move an image that is less than the full screen size left/right or up/down within the monitor's available screen space. It will not let you move the image off the screen, so certain values will appear to have no effect (unless you use a very low Shrink value like 10%).

Adjust windows Aspect change	[Normal]
---------------------------------	----------

This item provides a simple way of changing the output screen aspect ratio, to suit the incoming video signal and final output display size. Use the zoom/shrink functions for occasions when the aspect ratio is an odd format.

Adjust windows Aspect adjust	[Simple]
---------------------------------	----------

See later section for further details on this item.

Adjust windows Temporal interp.	[Off]
------------------------------------	-------

This is a feature only present in advanced units only. It greatly improves the method of frame-rate conversion, by allowing the unit to merge frames together during the process.

When 'Off', the unit will use frame-repetition when converting 50Hz to 60Hz (i.e. it has to duplicate every 5th frame), or frame-dropping when converting 60Hz to 50Hz (i.e. it has to drop every 6th frame). When 'On', smooth blending is applied so that frames are not lost, but blended together at the appropriate times.

Adjust windows Flicker Reduction	[Low]
-------------------------------------	-------

The Flicker Reduction menu item will only appear if you have selected a low resolution interlaced output such as PAL or NTSC. If you are using CV or YC outputs, this adjustment may be of interest, particularly when you have line drawings or similar fine detail. You can choose from four possible Flicker Reduction settings. You should use as little Flicker Reduction as possible because the Vertical detail will be softened at the highest setting.

Flicker mode	Function
Off	Disables flicker reduction (sharpest mode).
Low	Suitable for most input sources.
Med.	Enough for most situations such as thin line drawings

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

High	Highest amount of flicker reduction. Will cause loss of vertical detail in some images.
------	---

Adjust windows Image smoothing	[Auto]
-----------------------------------	--------

Image smoothing reduces the jagged-edges sometimes seen within an output image by softening it. It typically improves the quality of a scaled image greatly. There are four possible settings for this adjustment: “Off”, “Med.”, “High”, and “Auto”. The “Auto” setting is generally thought to be most desirable and will vary the smoothing process according to the amount of zoom taking place.

Adjust windows Image flip	[Off]
------------------------------	-------

Occasionally, it's necessary to cause the output image to be flipped Vertically, Horizontally or both – most commonly when a video projector is ceiling-mounted, or for special effects.

Adjust windows Show source label	[On]
-------------------------------------	------

Units that support source labeling have this menu item available, which allows the label to be turned on or off on a window-by-window basis.

Adjust windows Audio bars	[4]
------------------------------	-----

Certain units can display audio bar measurements and this menu item displays how many stereo-bars are shown. A maximum of 4 stereo bars (8 bars in total, with left-right pairs next to each other) can be shown. Audio channels are always numbered from left to right, balanced to display bars on both sides of the each. A setting of 0 disables the audio bars from being shown.

Adjust windows Max fade level %	[100]
------------------------------------	-------

This Menu item fades the selected layer, and is only available on models with overlay abilities. Adjustment range is from solid to fully transparent.

Note: This menu item only appears on multi-channel scalars:

Adjust Windows Layer priority abABZ	[3]
--	-------

This adjustment selects the order of the window layers. Layers are shown for ‘a’ and ‘b’ logo screens, Window ‘A’, Window ‘B’ and ‘Z’ is the Lock Source. The default condition is shown. The number shown is the current layer of the active window, when you adjust the layer number the layer stack indicator ‘abABZ’ will change to allow visualization of the layer stack. Note that layer 6 the Background

Color is not shown as its layer position can not be altered – it will always be the background.

8.4.1 Extended scaling controls

The 'Aspect adjust' parameter is used to change the way that scaling of windows is controlled. By default it is set to 'Simple' which allows basic control of the window zoom and shrink sizes and positions – enough for simple tasks.

In 'Advanced' mode, it allows the horizontal (H) and vertical (V) components of the Zoom and Shrink functions to be adjusted independently, thus allowing custom aspect ratios to be created, or to convert from one aspect ratio to another.

In 'Pixel' mode, the user has direct access to pixel and line-accurate scaling functions. This lets the user specify the exact co-ordinates and size of the source image (within the video source), and the position and size of where this is placed in the output video signal.

The table below summarizes the different menu items in the different modes – the 'Simple' items have already been described earlier in this section, so only the 'Advanced' and 'Pixel' ones that are different (highlighted in bold) will be detailed here.

Simple	Advanced	Pixel
Zoom level % [100]	Zoom H/V [100]100 1.333:1	In [0],0 640,480
H/V zoom pan% [50] 50	H/V zoom pan% [50] 50	Out [0],0 640,480
H/V crop % [0] 0	H/V crop % [0] 0	
Shrink level % [50] Off	ShrnkH/V [50] 50 1.333:1	
H/V position % [50] 50	H/V position % [50] 50	

8.4.2 'Aspect adjust' = 'Advanced'

Adjust windows
 H/V zoom % [100] [100]1.333:1

This item allows the independent setting of the horizontal and vertical zoom values. The third number (1.333 in the example) is the Aspect Ratio resulting from the adjustments, which is automatically calculated for you based on the incoming resolution and the H & V Zoom values.

Most resolutions are 4:3 ratio, thus the third number will be 1.333 (4 divided by 3). Another common aspect ratio is 16:9 (16 divided by 9 = 1.777). PAL and NTSC inputs are physically 4:3 on your video monitor, but their actual pixel/line ratios are different and so will not display as 1.333.

Adjust windows
 Shrink H/V % [100] [100] 1.333

This item allows the setting of different Horizontal and Vertical 'shrink' sizes. The third number (1.333 in the example) is the Aspect Ratio resulting from the adjustments, which is automatically calculated for you based on the output resolution (the actual pixels & lines, not your physical screen size) and the H & V Shrink values.

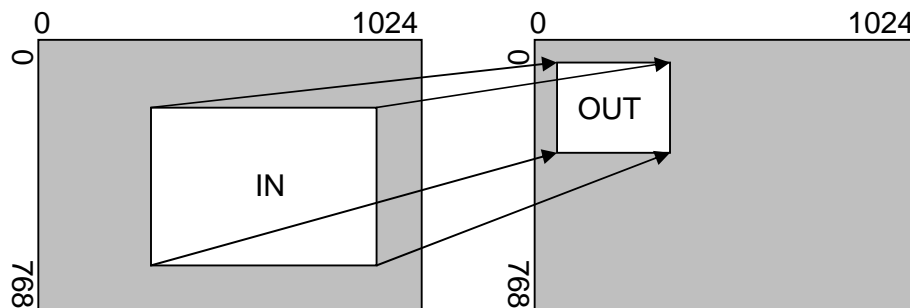
Most resolutions are 4:3 ratio, thus the third number will be 1.333 (4 divided by 3). Another common aspect ratio is 16:9 (16 divided by 9 = 1.777). Therefore, to convert your 4:3 output into a 16:9 output, reduce the vertical (V) Shrink value to 75% and this will simulate a 16:9 output. PAL and NTSC inputs are physically 4:3 on your video monitor, but their actual pixel/line ratios are different and so will not display as 1.333.

8.4.3 'Aspect adjust' = 'Pixel'

Adjust windows	
In	[300] , 150 750, 400
Adjust windows	
Out	[50] , 50 250, 300

These menu items work together to specify the exact co-ordinates and size of the source image (within the video source) and the position and size of where this is placed in the output video signal – in other words the 'In' and 'Out' positions and sizes.

The diagram below should help to clarify the function of these values:



In the example above, 'In' has been set to 300,150 as its top-left source co-ordinate, with a size of 750,400. 'Out' has been set to 50,50 (i.e. close to the top left) with a size of 250,300.

The scaler will then ensure that the whole of the source (of size 750 by 400) is scaled to the required output (of size 250 x 300).

8.5 Items Associated with the Adjust keyers group

Please note that not all units have this sub-menu – it is only present on units with overlaying abilities.

Towards the end of this manual you will find a section titled 'COMMON OPERATIONS' – this gives a step-by-step guide to keying out a particular color.

Adjust keyers Keyer enable	[Off]
-------------------------------	-------

This menu item turns keying On or Off for the current foreground. A keyed image is in essence one image superimposed over another – such that portions of the top image are made transparent (keyed out), so that the background image can show through. The following settings allow you to vary the colour(s) that are keyed out.

Adjust keyers Swap fore/backgrnd	[Off]
-------------------------------------	-------

This menu item is only present on single-channel scalars – dual and quad-channel scalars have the layer priority set within the 'Adjust Windows' menu.

This menu item allows you to swap the foreground and background images when Lock mode is set to Lock & Mix. It will have no effect in any other mode (since no background is present).

Normally, your foreground is the input (window) source and your background is the lock source. This then allows you to superimpose any graphics or video input on top of the lock source by keying out a certain color or range of colors in the input source. Swapping them means that the input source moves to the background and the lock source is now in front of it. Thus you are now keying out the lock source colors to reveal the input source behind it.

Note that this is different to simply swapping over the input and lock sources as that would affect the final output resolution – see examples below:

Input source	Lock source	Swap	Foreground (keyed)	Background (non-keyed)	Output resolution
XGA	NTSC	Off	XGA	NTSC	NTSC
XGA	NTSC	On	NTSC	XGA	NTSC
NTSC	XGA	Off	NTSC	XGA	XGA
NTSC	XGA	On	XGA	NTSC	XGA

(XGA is 1024x768)

You will see that the Swap between foreground and background has no effect on the output resolution as this is always set by the Lock source.

Adjust keyers	
Y Key min/max	[0] [32]

The Min/Max parameters are used to select what range of Y (luminance/grey-scale) values are made transparent within the selected window/lock source. In order to key out part of an image, start with the max value and increase it until the required lighter parts within the window/lock source disappear. Then adjust the min level to bring back any darker parts of the image.

Adjust keyers	
Y Key softness	[0]

The Y Key softness option removes noise from the keyed image, generally at the edges. Adjust as required to make the edges of the key as sharp or as soft as desired. The noise is where the analog to digital process (A/D conversion) may not sample a 50% brightness as being exactly 50% i.e. sometimes 49% and sometimes 51%. Increasing the softness value will broaden the range of keyed colors so that the keying of images varies depending on how close a color is to the keyed-out range.

Adjust keyers	
Y Key invert	[Off]

The Y Key invert changes the keying characteristics with respect to what colors of the foreground image you wish to 'key out'.

Setting it to Off will cause the colour range that's defined to be removed - remove the desired colors. Setting it to On will cause the colour range that's defined to be kept - key out all other colors.

The descriptions above behave identically on the remaining U Key Invert & V Key Invert component versions. However they are directed at the U/B-Y (blue) colour component and V/R-Y (red) colour components respectively. Adjustment and effects are the same as explained above for Y Key Invert (brightness/grey-scale).

8.6 Items Associated with the Adjust sources group

The 'Adjust Sources' menu group accesses the parameters associated with the processing amplifiers used for each input (RGB, CV, YC, etc.). They allow you to fine-tune an incoming signal to optimize its color, brightness or even sharpness.

Not all settings are available for all input types, and not all input types listed here may be available on your unit. Also note that many of these adjustments may not show without 'Advanced menus' set to On.

It is recommended that you Store your settings once you're happy with them in readiness for future use.

Source: RGB1 Source to adj	[RGB1]
-------------------------------	--------

This menu item selects the input connection for which you want to make adjustments to. As in the image above, changes will only be made to the source connected to RGB1. Once the selection has been made, all changes made using the following operating parameters will only apply to the selected input.

Selection of a CV/YC source will reveal different menu items that allow adjustments beyond those used for RGB sources. The menu discussions that follow relate first to RGB sources, then to CV / YC type sources.

8.6.1 Menu items common to all inputs

Source: RGB1 Aspect correct	[Fill]
--------------------------------	---------

This menu item will be used to correct the aspect ratio of the video source when converted into the final output resolution. The following table details what happens in the available modes:

Setting	Result
Fill (default)	The source is stretched to fill the output.
Aspect	The source's aspect ratio is maintained on the output.
H-fit	The source is stretched to fill the horizontal dimension of the output, with the vertical dimension stretched by the same amount (and possibly clipped).
V-fit	The source is stretched to fill the vertical dimension of the output, with the horizontal dimension stretched by the same amount (and possibly clipped).
1:1	Each source pixel is represented by a single output pixel – no scaling will be performed. If the input resolution is higher than the output, then only part of the source will be seen. If the input resolution is lower than the output, then a black border will be present.

Source: RGB1 TL pos. adj.	[0] [0]
------------------------------	-----------

This menu item allows manual positioning of the Top and Left portion of the image. It is used to ensure that the input signal is captured correctly, eliminating any black borders. These settings are often used to correct the position of a PC signal on an input, or to eliminate any undesired noise at the top or bottom of a PAL or NTSC video source.

Source: RGB1 BR size adj. [0] [0]
--

This menu item allows manual positioning of the Bottom and Right portion of the image. These settings are often used to correct the position of a PC signal on an input, or to eliminate any undesired noise at the top or bottom of a PAL or NTSC video source.

Source: RGB1 Audio input source [1]

If your unit has an internal audio switcher / selector, this menu item selects the desired Audio input for use with the active video source, allowing an audio-follow-video function.

Source: RGB1 OPTION audio source [1]
--

If an external audio switcher is connected via the OPTION bus, then this menu item selects the desired Audio input for use with the active video source, allowing an audio-follow-video function.

In most situations, the Audio input values would be different for each video source – so that when the first video source is selected, so is the first audio source (this is called ‘audio follow video’). The second video source then selects the second audio source, etc. However, there is nothing to prevent all Audio input values being set to the same value, for ‘audio breakaway’.

Source: RGB1 Audio Vol [1] Bal [0]

This menu item adjusts the audio volume and balance for the selected audio channel. This is only functional for certain units when an optional Audio Switcher is attached.

Source: RGB1 On source loss [Blue]

(This has replaced ‘De-glitch’ used on previous firmware versions.)
This option is used to tell the unit what to do if the video source is lost or becomes unstable. Options are:

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Option	Description
Show	Shows all picture break-up and instabilities.
Freeze	Freezes the latest frame – un-freezes as soon as the source becomes stable again.
Blue (default)	Turns the window blue, to represent source loss.
Black	Turns the window black.
Remove	Removes the window, thus showing any background (e.g. a Lock source). This is useful for MIX & PIP scenarios on units with overlay abilities.

If you have a very unstable input, such as a video tape player with a poor (jumping) output signal, you may wish to turn the setting to 'Show'.

Source : RGB1 De-int [M.comp med]

An interlaced input consists of two fields separated in time. Both fields are required in order to make up the full resolution input image, but since they are sent one after the other, a moving image will have "motion artifacts" if the two fields are simply combined together. The most common artifact is a blurring at the point of maximum movement within an image. Your unit provides some tools to minimize the effects of de-interlacing of an image.

The following options are available for this menu item:

Mode	Function
Normal/weave	The two interlaced fields are simply combined/weaved together. This will often show artifacts on moving images, but can be used when the input is known to be still.
Auto	Automatically selects Film 3:2 or Medium Range Motion Compensation (M. Comp Med.) depending on whether Film Mode is detected or not.
Film 3:2	Enables 3:2 pull down conversion of the incoming NTSC video. (This option should not be used if the source is not NTSC video).
M. Comp Low M. Comp Med. M. Comp High	Enables Pixel Adaptive Motion Compensation. Three levels are available with 'Low' providing the least compensation for Motion and 'High' providing the most compensation.
Frame/bob	The two fields are shown consecutively.

Source : RGB1 Diagonal interp. [Off]

This menu item allows the user to specify whether the source has diagonal interpolation applied to it when de-interlacing occurs. This reduces 'jagged' artifacts on moving images, however is not suitable for noisy sources where the noise could be mis-interpreted as a diagonal or sloping element of the picture.

Source : RGB1 Noise reduction [Off]
--

This menu item allows the user to specify whether the source has noise reduction applied to it. This is performed by averaging the video signal over a number of fields – but ignoring areas where motion has occurred. If motion blurring is seen, it is recommended to turn this setting off.

8.6.2 DVI Source Menu Items

Source: DVI1 HDCP [Inactive] [Off]

HDCP is supported on certain units only - and only on the DVI input connector. This menu item lets you change whether HDCP is active on this particular DVI input.

If turned 'Off', then a source that requires HDCP encryption will not send a video signal to your unit.

If turned 'On', and a HDCP-compliant display or device is attached to your unit's DVI output, then HDCP encrypted sources can be used.

The following table summarizes the message given in brackets:

Status message	Description	Effect
Inactive	HDCP is not active at the DVI connector.	HDCP-encrypted material cannot be received by the unit.
Active	HDCP is active at the DVI connector.	HDCP-encrypted material can be received by the unit, but only if a HDCP-compliant display or device is attached to the unit's output.

See 'Adjust outputs' for a description of how the HDCP system works on your scaler.

Source: DVI1 Display emul. EDID [DVI]
--

This feature is only present on certain units – it is used with the next menu item to form a simple 'EDID Manager'.

EDID is an information packet retrieved by a PC graphic card over a DVI link from a monitor which tells the graphic card which resolutions the display supports. In the

case of your unit, it tells the graphic card what resolutions are compatible with it – by emulating a display.

The above menu lets the user select which of 8 EDID data blocks are 'shown' to a PC or other DVI/HDMI source. (It does not affect any other input.) Note that some graphic cards will usually only read the EDID data when the cable is first connected, or on power-up.

The 8 EDID blocks are as follows:

EDID	Usage
Mem1	User-definable – see 'EDID capture'
Mem2	
Mem3	
Mem4	
Mem5	
Mem6*	
HDMI*	Default HDMI EDID data for your unit
DVI	Default DVI EDID data for your unit
Mon	The attached monitor's EDID data

*Your unit will have either Mem6 or HDMI, but not both.

If you change this value, you'll need to store your settings and then re-boot the CORIO2 unit at least once to ensure that the source sees that the EDID data has changed.

It should also be noted that some graphic cards will require your PC to be re-booted before they see that a change has occurred.

If your unit allows 'HDMI' to be selected, this can also enable certain audio features depending on the abilities of your unit.

Source: DVI1
EDID capture [1] Grab

This menu provides a simple way of capturing EDID data from an attached DVI or HDMI monitor and storing it in one of the user-definable EDID memory data blocks (Mem1 to Mem6) – see previous menu.

To capture a different display's EDID, perform the following:

1. Connect that display to the DVI output of the CORIO2 unit - the CORIO2 unit will then read it automatically and store it in the 'Mon' EDID entry.
2. Select which EDID memory (Mem1 to Mem6) to copy this information to.
3. Select 'Grab' and click on it - this will copy the current monitor's information to that EDID memory.
4. Change 'EDID to use' to that memory location (Mem1 to Mem6).

5. Store your unit's settings (see earlier in this manual on how to do this).
6. Re-boot (turn off and on again) the CORIO2 unit to ensure that the graphic card uses this new EDID data (you may need to re-boot your computer as well).

Using the above, up to 6 custom EDID settings can be stored in the CORIO2 unit, ready for recall later. This is useful to simulate another display being attached to a graphic card.

8.6.3 RGB Source Menu Items

Source: RGB1 Autoset status	[Inactive]
--------------------------------	------------

Once the Autoset sense setting has been made, this menu item is accessed and activated. The Autoset sense utility will then correct the pixel phase and then position the Top Left portion of the image and the Bottom Right portion of the image. Once complete it then resume inactive status.

Source: RGB1 Input pixel phase	[16]
-----------------------------------	-------

Since an image pixel is a very small element of the total image, it's possible for your unit's Analog to Digital converters to wrongly sample the picture on the edge of each pixel thereby losing image resolution and creating image noise. The Input pixel phase adjustment allows you to change the position (from 0 to 31) where the pixels are sampled, relative to the horizontal sync signal.

To make this adjustment, select an RGB source and then provide an image from that source with fine detail, preferably with very sharp vertical lines. Adjust this value until you see the sharpest image. Alternately, adjust this value to give the worst (noisiest/softest) image, and then add or subtract 16 to get the optimum value.

Note that the AUTOSSET function (for RGB inputs only) will attempt to automatically work out the best value for this setting.

Source: RGB1 RGB input type	[RGBHV]
--------------------------------	---------

There are several types of signals that are called RGB signals as a generic term. Each has slightly different characteristics that set it apart from similar RGB signals – such as how the synchronization signal is sent. This menu item lets you set the input type to use.

Available options let you select whether the input is standard RGB or YUV (including YPbPr signals with a tri-level sync). For some units, it also allows

selection of break-out BNC connectors to be used instead of the normal connector (signified by B- in front of the signal type).

Source: RGB1
RGB contr. [100] [100] [100]

This menu item lets you adjust the individual RGB or YUV/YPbPr signals, in case one component is at a different contrast to other, or if they all need to be boosted or lowered.

8.6.4 CV & YC Source Menu Items

Of the above Source Menu items, the Autoset sense and Autoset status functions, RGB type and Pixel phase are specific to RGB signals only. The rest of the Source menu items function with RGB, CV or YC type signals. In addition, there are four additional Menu items that are only used with CV or YC type signals and these are explained below:

Source: YC1
Bright [100] Contrast [100]

Adjust the Brightness and Contrast of the image to your requirement.

Source: YC1
Satur [100] Hue [0]

Saturation is the amount of color present in the image. Hue is the color “tint” parameter and the adjustment range is +90 degrees through to -90 degrees with 0 being the default.

Source: YC1
Sharpness [0]

Within limits, you can enhance or soften the appearance of detail within an image. The Sharpness values go both negative and positive, with 0 being the default. Note that over-enhancing an image has the side effect of making it appear to be noisy and under-enhancing an image gives the appearance of poor video quality.

Source: YC1
Luma delay [0]

On occasion, a video source will have the color portion of the signal offset from the luminance portion. If you’ve ever seen a poor quality comic book that has the outline of the cartoon character’s head in one place on the page but the flesh tones for the head offset slightly, you are seeing the print equivalent of Luminance to Chrominance Phase Delay.

Fortunately, your unit provides a way for you to make the two signals occur at the same time on the selected image. The adjustment range provides both positive and negative levels of delay with 0 being the default.

8.6.5 Still Image Store / Testcard Source Menu Items

Source : TC1	
Testcard	[0]

This item is only available for units supporting Still Image Stores (SIS) or Testcards (TC) – which are the same thing, but may be named differently depending on your unit.

Used to select the image from memory to use as a source for the SIS / TC source currently selected. Dedicated software can be used to upload user-defined images – see our website.

8.7 Items Associated with the Adjust borders group

The adjust borders menu allows the border function of your unit to be enabled – with one border being available for each Window, Logo and Lock source.

Note that the layer priority of the Border is the same as the Window source that it is 'attached' to.

Adjust borders	
Border to adjust	[A]

Select the window / logo / lock source you wish to adjust.

Adjust borders	
Border enable	[On]

Allows a border to be turned off and not displayed on the output screen.

Adjust borders	
Brdr size H/V	[8] x [8]

This adjustment allows the height and width of the border to be changed it can be up to 255 pixels thick.

Adjust borders	
Brdr offset H/V	[0] x [0]

This allows the border to be offset from the window. A typical application is the creation of a drop shadow effect. For example this can be achieved by setting the border size to 0 and then adjusting the H and V offset to 10 pixels.

Adjust borders
Brdr Y/U/V [16] [128] [128]

The color of the border can be changed to any color by adjusting the Y, U and V parameters. Y is the luminance, with U and V altering the blue and red content respectively. E.g. increase both U and V to give a purple colour, or decrease both to give a green colour.

Adjust borders	
Brdr opacity %	[100]

This parameter controls how visible the border is to the viewer. A setting of 0 renders the border invisible (transparent) whereas a setting of 100 makes the Logo fully visible. (In-between settings can give the Border a transparent appearance.)

8.8 Items associated with the Adjust transitions group

Please note that not all units have this sub-menu – it is only available on some units with overlay and keying abilities.

Transitions control how your unit responds when a source is changed. Fades between sources, as well as wipes and cuts, are possible. The amount of time taken by a transition is controllable from instant transition (a 'cut') to several minutes.

Adjust transitions
Transition [Fade]

This first adjustment controls the type of transition desired: 'Cut', 'Fade', 'Wipe' or 'Push'.

If you select 'Cut' or 'Fade', the only remaining menu items will be 'Switching Fade Time' and 'Exit'. Selecting 'Wipe' or 'Push' exposes additional parameters.

Adjust transitions
Switching fade time [.5]

This parameter controls how long a transition from one input to another takes. The value can be 0 (a cut) or several minutes - adjustable in 1/10th second increments.

Adjust transitions
Wipe type [Left -> Right]

If you selected 'Wipe' or 'Push' for the transition type, then you will be able to specify the 'movement direction' of the transition that you want. Both 'Wipe' and 'Push' support: Left to Right, Right to Left, Up/Down (Top to Bottom), Down/Up (Bottom to Top). 'Wipe' also supports: Diagonal and Diamond effect.

Adjust transitions	
Wipe size	[100]

Wipe Size sets the ‘granularity’ of the ‘Wipe’ effect and so is only shown when ‘Wipe’ is the transition type. The smaller the number, the more elements there are to the wipe. To clarify by example, if you select the Diamond wipe effect and set a small number into the Wipe Size parameter, you will have a large number of Diamonds present in the transition. On the other hand, a large number loaded into the parameter will result in only one or two diamonds being present during the transition.

8.9 Items associated with the Adjust resolutions group



The Adjust Resolutions Menu Group only appears when the Advanced Menus function is turned on within the System Menu Group. To turn it on, go to the System Menu Group and then proceed to the item that says “Advanced Menus”. Turn the function ‘On’, exit the Systems menu and return to this menu structure.

The Resolution Database is used by your unit to identify any incoming video signal and is also used to create an output resolution. It is therefore a very important part of the unit’s infrastructure.

Important Cautionary Information

DO NOT ADJUST THESE ITEMS UNLESS YOU’RE CERTAIN YOU KNOW WHAT YOU’RE DOING! THE ONLY METHOD TO UNDO CERTAIN CHANGES IS TO UPDATE THE FIRMWARE.

TRY USING THE AUTOSET, SHRINK, SHRINK POS, TL & BR ADJUSTMENTS FIRST.

Making adjustments here risks creating a non-standard resolution that is not displayable on a monitor. The resolutions and values within the database are industry standards and should not normally be altered by the user. That said, there might be times when it is necessary to create a custom resolution with specific parameters. If circumstances require you to make such a change, please read the following specific notes:

- 1. Any changes made to this database take effect instantly and are also stored immediately in non-volatile memory.*
- 2. Since this database is used for both input and output image processing, altering a resolution that is used for both (e.g. 1024x768 input and 1024x768 output) may give undesired effects.*

800 x 600 60 Hz Image to adjust	[17]
------------------------------------	-------

Change the value to select resolution you want to alter.

Info:

Typically, the image number currently being used for input or output would be already be selected otherwise immediate feedback to your changes will not be available via your monitor.

800 x 600 60 Hz Interlaced	[Off]
-------------------------------	--------

This adjustment specifies whether the image is interlaced or progressive scan. It toggles simply On or Off, so there are no flashing brackets.

800 x 600 60 Hz H.freq.crse	[37.879] kHz
--------------------------------	--------------

Course Frequency Adjust

The H freq.crse (Horizontal Sync Frequency - Course) adjustment provides the option for changing the Horizontal Sync timing Frequency in 100 Hz steps.

800 x 600 60 Hz H.freq.fine	[37.879] kHz
--------------------------------	--------------

Fine Frequency Adjust

The H.freq.fine (Horizontal Sync Frequency) adjustment provides the option for changing the Horizontal Sync timing Frequency in 1 Hz steps. Use this option to fine tune after using the course adjust.

Please note that the internal sync generator may be unable to generate the exact frequency you want.

800 x 600 60 Hz Clks/l [1056] =	40.000MHz
------------------------------------	-----------

This option changes the total number of image pixels on one line of monitor video including the Horizontal sync pulse and blanking time. This is normally in a multiple of 8. It is very important to get this value correct, or many digital display devices, such as TFT monitors, will display an image with an odd moiré effect – such as soft vertical bands spread evenly across the image.

800 x 600 60 Hz Lines/f [628] =	60.317 Hz
-------------------------------------	-----------

This menu controls the total number of lines of video present in the image which includes the vertical Sync pulse, the blanking period and the active video. Changing this option affects the final vertical sync frequency.

800 x 600 60 Hz H/V active	[800] x 600
-------------------------------	--------------

A video frame includes both the active area, the portion of the image normally containing useful visual information, and a resolution value for a given display standard which only expresses the number of pixels visible in an image. The well-known 800 x 600 computer resolution standard simply means that there are 800 pixels/line visible horizontally and there are 600 lines visible vertically.

This item provides a way to change the number of active pixels and lines.

800 x 600 60 Hz H/V Start	[88] x 23
------------------------------	------------

There is a period of time between the end of the Horizontal Sync pulse and the start of Active Video. This portion of the waveform signal is called the “Back Porch”, a term originating with the television broadcasting industry and its RS-170A specification. In practice, this will control where the video image starts on the left side of the monitor without changing the width of the sync pulse itself (another way to control where the image area starts). The two parameters control where the back porch is positioned and they interact to a degree.

By adjusting these parameters, you control the start of the back porch (with respect to the trailing edge of Horizontal Sync) and also its width. The place where the Back Porch begins with respect to the Horizontal Sync pulse and the width of the Back Porch have a direct bearing on where the active (visible) portion of the image begins. Do not attempt this adjustment without monitoring the results with an oscilloscope.

800 x 600 60 Hz H/V Sync	[128] x 4
-----------------------------	------------

There are standards for all current computer and broadcast resolutions that specify the correct width of both Vertical and Horizontal synchronizing pulses. If you are creating a special, non-standard resolution, you may wish to adjust the pulse width to fit your new requirements. The H/V Sync screen is where that is accomplished.

Like the H/V Start adjustment, you must use an oscilloscope when making these adjustments so that you know exactly how many milliseconds or microseconds of pulse width you have created. The numbers shown are relative numbers and not an actual time measurement.

800 x 600 60 Hz Sync polarity	[+H+V]
----------------------------------	--------

Sync can be either negative polarity or positive polarity. To further complicate things, it is possible that you may want to make the Horizontal Sync polarity different from the Vertical Polarity. This control allows you to make that change. You have four possible selections:

+H+V
-H+V
+H-V
-H-V

8.10 Items Associated with the System group

The final Sub Menu is for adjustments of System parameters. The “System” in this case means the unit’s functions that are generally unrelated to individual inputs, outputs or any of the various production features.

System SW: 16, PT: 12, BT: 13
--

This screen is an informational screen. Should you require technical assistance with your unit, the technical support personnel may request that you read the contents of this screen to them during the support call.

The first section, “SW”, is the version of the software that is installed on your unit. You can update software via the User Support web site (procedure to be described later in this manual) and the updates are currently free of charge. “PT” refers to Product Type and “BT” means Board Type. Both of these are hardware designators and cannot be changed by the user however both designators are important to support personnel.

System SW date: 2006-7-11

This is an information page showing when the currently installed software was released. The information is useful to the user as he or she compares the date to the website information describing the current software release.

Normally, the user will examine the added features of each new software release and determine if an update is worth doing in their particular operation. The greater period of time between the current date, and the date shown for the currently installed software, the greater the likelihood that there are useful changes and improvements present in the new release.

System	
TAC#	27-AA-1C-93-F8-33

The TAC number is a unique identifier for the unit and is for use with the PPF value below.

System	
PPF#	1A-67-2B-9D-50-4F

The PPF number is for units that support the 'Pay Per Feature' system. Extra features in the unit (such as Mix and Key) may be activated using this menu item by entering in the correct numbers and re-starting the unit.

System	
Push to store	

This screen provides a quick and easy way to store all current operating parameters. The unit will remember the set up you are currently using at the time of data storage and also when you next apply power. To store the current settings, press and release the control button.

System	
Autoset sense	[Medium]

In order for Autoset to work properly, it needs a sufficiently bright full-screen image to examine. The sense level lets you change the brightness threshold for detection of the screen edge between Low, Medium, High and V.high. Medium is the default level, which is recommended for normal use (Windows-type images, etc.)

System	
OSD on power up	[On]

This parameter controls whether the 'welcome' screen is displayed or not on power up for units with an on-screen display – it can be disabled as required. This is useful when a unit is installed as part of an overall system.

System	
LED brightness %	[90]

This parameter is available on certain units and controls how bright the LEDs on the front panel appear.

System	
LCD backlight	[On]

This parameter is available on certain units and allows the LCD backlight to be turned on and off.

System LCD contrast	[200]
------------------------	-------

This parameter is available on certain units and allows the LCD contrast (viewing angle) to be altered.

System LED brightness %	[90]
----------------------------	-------

This parameter is available on certain units and controls how bright the LEDs on the front panel appear.

System Serial type	[RS-232]
-----------------------	----------

This menu item controls the type of serial port in use on certain units (not all units support this feature). Options available are RS-232, RS-422 and RS-485. The default is RS-232.

System RS232 baud rate	[57600]
---------------------------	---------

This menu item allows the adjustment of the serial baud rate used for RS-232 communications. The rate can be adjusted to 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38800, 57600 and 115200. (This adjustment is provided for those instances where you wish to use the RS-232 control system for your own purposes.) The default baud rate is 57600.

System Buzzer	[On]
------------------	-------

The screen labeled 'Buzzer' is actually the control for turning the "Beep" "On" or "Off". Normally this is left in the "On" position to provide positive feedback that your data entries and parameter changes have been accepted.

System CC-300 A/B bus mode	[Off]
-------------------------------	--------

This menu item changes the function of an attached CC-300 CORIO console unit. When set to 'On' any 'Take' will result in the A & B windows ('buses') being swapped at the end of the Take – so that another 'Take' will put them back to as they were before. (Note that not all units support the CC-300.)

System	
Resolutions	88

This screen is an informational screen showing the total number of the defined resolutions in the resolution database. Future firmware releases may increase the total number of resolutions defined in the database.

System	
Logos / T-cards	1 / 4

If your units supports Logos or Still Images / Testcards then this screen will display how many are present in the memory of the units.

System	
Power cycles	41

Power Cycles refers to how many times the unit has been powered since it left the factory. This is an informational screen. No action is taken regardless of the value shown here, however some users have an equipment cleaning or specification audit procedure and this information may be useful to those users.

System	
Firmware updates	11

Indicates the total number of times the firmware has been changed over the life of the unit. It is quite possible for this to be more than 1, as a unit undergoes numerous tests during production.

System	
Hours in Use	877

This is another informational display for usage audit purposes.

System	
Temp.C	30 33 43 45

Certain units have built-in temperature sensors, and if yours has such a feature then the above menu item will appear. If the ambient temperature of the internal components becomes excessively high or low, the unit will shut down to prevent harm. This display shows the current value of the ambient temperature at four locations within the case and can be an early predictor of a shutdown before the shutdown actually occurs.

Should you experience problems with your unit, Technical Support may request that you give details of these values.

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

System	
Fan speed (rpm)	6000

Certain units have built-in fans to keep the unit cool. The fan speed is monitored and if it deviates from normal parameters too much, this will be taken as an indication of insufficient airflow over critical components and shutdown action will be taken.

9 SERIAL PORT

9.1 Connection

Your unit is fitted with a standard 'D9' plug or socket allowing it to be controlled from a computer or other type of terminal or console with a similar interface. Most computers fitted with an RS232 port, known as a 'COM' port, will have a 'D9' plug on them. To enable connection between the two devices you will require one of two cables as shown below:

D9 connector type on C2 unit	RS232 cable type required for linking to PC
Plug – common on earlier C2 units	'Null-modem' D9 socket to socket
Socket – common on recent C2 units	D9 plug to socket

Should your PC not have an RS232/COM port, it is possible to add an interface card into the PC to add this facility. Another option you could use is a USB to RS232 converter. Both methods will add a COM port to your PC, although you should be aware that these generally do not default to being 'COM1' which is the default most RS232 applications will use.

Some units are also RS-422/485 capable – see the Specifications section for more details.

The default baud rate is 57600 with 8 data bits, 1 stop bit and no parity. This baud rate can be changed in the System menu to suit other programs if need be.

9.2 Communications protocol

The standard communications protocol for your unit is text-based and is detailed on our website. Also on our website, you can find the Windows Control Panel or CORIO@tool Suite for your unit.

The protocol is also bi-directional (unit and computer both send messages to each other), so that you can send changes to the unit, and it will also respond with any changes made via alternate methods (front panel buttons, menu changes and infra-red control). This enables any attached computer to be aware of any changes made to the unit from an alternative source rather than itself.

What this means is that you can easily find out the exact command to send to the unit to tell it to perform a certain function. This can be seen by the data that is sent back to the computer when changing values on the unit. For instance, just by turning FREEZE on, by pressing the FREEZE button, will cause RS232 data to be sent to the computer that represents the command required to set FREEZE on. A second press, to turn FREEZE off, then sends the computer the command required to turn the FREEZE off.

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Note: Any command you send to the unit will be replied to either with an error code or with the actual changed value. This may be different to the one you sent; for example, if trying to set a value too high or too low.

10 SERIAL / IP CONTROL SPECIFICATION

PLEASE NOTE: Not all units support Serial and/or IP (Ethernet) communications – check to see if this feature is present on your unit.

This section outlines how to control a unit via a Serial or Ethernet link (if fitted to your unit), using ASCII-based commands. It details how to send and receive serial data to perform many of the functions that a user has access to on the unit.

Not all units will support the full range of adjustments listed – this will depend on the complexity of the unit you have.

10.1 Communication protocol basics

Packets of ASCII data containing hexadecimal numbers are exchanged between the unit and controller via a Serial or IP link (you cannot use both at the same time).

The Serial standard is 57600 baud, 8 bits, no parity and 1 stop bit, although this can be changed by the user (see 'System' menu).

No flow control is used - however all control packets start with an ASCII 'F', end with carriage-return (13 decimal, 0x0D hexadecimal) and all such packets sent to the unit will be acknowledged (thereby provided software handshaking). Note that a line-feed (LF) should not be sent.

It may take around 30ms (0.03 seconds) for an RS232 command to be actioned and acknowledged – this will vary between different models.

ASCII-hex data is used where a number is encoded into its hexadecimal equivalent with leading zeros – e.g. Where '00' is decimal value 0, '80' is decimal 128 and 'FF' is decimal 255. In other words, two characters are sent for each byte encoded.

Any gap of more than 1 second between the characters of a control command sent will cause a time-out - and previous characters sent will be lost.

Write packets (sending command functions to the unit) are always 20 characters long (including a carriage return at the end). The unit will respond with a full 20 character message indicating what has changed. This returned payload will reflect the actual value of the parameter changed. If the user requests a value out of bounds then the limit value is used, and the payload will then reflect the limited value used.

Read packets (sent to request information from the unit) are always 14 characters long (including a carriage return at the end), the response from the unit will be a 20 byte message with the Write flag (since it is 'writing' the value back to the host) and the ACK flag set.

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

The ACK flag will be returned as 0 if the command is invalid for some reason – for example a bad FUNCTION, WINDOW, OUTPUT or PAYLOAD value. An ACK=0 message will be otherwise identical to the one you sent, so you know exactly which message has the error.

Any changes made to the unit using the front panel controls will also cause the full 20 byte message to be sent indicating the change that has occurred, thus enabling a program to stay 'in-sync' with the unit. In some cases (such as the execution of a macro) multiple 20 bytes messages will be sent indicating all the parameters that have been changed.

Only one message should be sent to the unit, another message can't be sent until a specific response is received from the unit (the user should look for a message with the same WINDOW, OUTPUT and FUNCTION values as they sent). If no message is received back within 1 second, there is likely to be a hardware communication problem (or wrong baud rate, etc.).

If absolutely required, to simplify programming the user may send packets one after the other with around 100ms (100 milliseconds) between each one. However, this will not work for all packets (such as Zooming into Still Images / Testcards or changing Logos) since this will cause the unit's micro-controller to be busy, so the user must experiment and satisfy themselves that this is possible.

10.2 Packet format

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Write' to the unit to set a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT / FUNCTION	FUNCTION	PAYLOAD x 3	CS	EOP
-----	-----	-----	--------	----------------------	----------	-------------	----	-----

Below is a representation of data bytes in a single packet for a 'Read' to the unit to get a value:

SOP	CMD	CHA	WINDOW	OUTPUT / FUNCTION	FUNCTION	CS	EOP
-----	-----	-----	--------	----------------------	----------	----	-----

The table below details the function of each part of the packet:

Packet part	Function
SOP (Start of packet)	This is always the ASCII letter 'F' to indicate the packet start.
CMD (Command)	ASCII-hex byte to indicate the type of command being sent. Each bit in the byte has a different function. Currently only the following bits are defined: Bit 7 = Write (0) or Read (1) request. Messages from the unit are always Writes. Bit 6 = ACK bit. Should be set to 0 for messages to the unit. ACK=1

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

	<p>returned means message was okay. ACK=0 returned means an error was present in the message.</p> <p>Bit 5 = 0 Reserved for future use.</p> <p>Bit 4 = 0 Reserved for future use.</p> <p>Bit 3 = 0 Reserved for future use.</p> <p>Bit 2 = 1 This bit *must* be set.</p> <p>Bit 1 = 0 Reserved for future use.</p> <p>Bit 0 = 0 Reserved for future use.</p>
<p>CHA (Channel)</p> <p>SOURCE</p> <p>or</p> <p>MACRO NUMBER</p>	<p>This byte has multiple uses, and defaults to 0 unless used for:</p> <p><u>CHA</u></p> <p>When a channel number is used in the Adjust Sources section (see later).</p> <p><u>SOURCE</u></p> <p>Byte to indicate the source channel to be altered (if appropriate). 0x10 = RGB1, 0x11 = RGB2, 0x12 = RGB3, etc. 0x30 = CV1, 0x31 = CV2, 0x32 = CV3, etc. 0x40 = YC1, 0x41 = YC2, 0x42 = YC3, etc. 0x50 = SDI1, 0x51 = SDI2, etc. 0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2, etc. 0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2, etc.</p> <p><u>MACRO</u></p> <p>Or – for Macro related commands: Bit 7..4 = 0 Reserved Bit 3..0 = Macro number</p>
WINDOW / LOGO / BORDER	<p>Bit 7 = 0 (Reserved).</p> <p>Bit 6..0 = Represents the window to be adjusted (for multi-channel units only).</p> <p>E.g. Window 'A' (the default for single-channel units) is sent as '41' since 0x41 is ASCII for 'A'. 0x61 is ASCII for 'a' (a Logo) and is sent as '61'.</p>
OUTPUT & FUNCTION HIGH	<p>Bit 7..4 = Number representing the output to adjust 0 = Output 1, 1 = Output 2 (for multi-channel units).</p> <p>Bit 3..2 = Reserved (set to 0).</p> <p>Bit 1..0 = Bits 9 & 8 of the function code. (Remainder of bits [7..0] are in FUNC LOW.)</p> <p>E.g. If the function code is 0x234, and we want to adjust Output 2, then this byte is 0x12</p>
FUNCTION LOW	<p>ASCII-hex byte to indicate the lowest 8 bits of the actual function to set or receive (e.g. change Zoom value).</p> <p>A later table details all the functions available.</p>
PAYLOAD x 3 bytes	<p>A series of ASCII-hex bytes carrying the data to send.</p> <p>Read requests have no payload - the payload is in the data sent back.</p> <p>Write packets require a payload, and this is always in 'triple-bytes' - i.e. 3 bytes are required, MSB first.</p> <p>e.g. '000001' is 1 in decimal, '010000' is 65536 in decimal, and 'FFFFFF0' is -16 in decimal.</p>

CS	ASCII-hex byte that is the (check) sum of all previous bytes (excluding the SOP 'F' character). E.g. The command F0400410082000001C8 has the checksum of 04+00+41+00+82+00+00+01=C8, so the complete command to send is F0400410082000001C8. A short-cut for debugging allows the checksum to be replaced by 2 question marks, so in the previous example you could send F0400410082000001??. Instead. This is purely for test and debugging - you should normally use a checksum to ensure data validity.
EOP	This is a carriage return (no line-feed) - ASCII code 13 (decimal).

10.3 Function list

These are grouped together into their associated on-screen menus.

Your unit and this manual should be used to determine the actual function of each of the following, as only the menu text is listed here. Where an equivalent menu item does not exist on your unit, then that feature is not supported on.

Function codes are given in hexadecimal and adjustment range is in decimal (but always sent as hexadecimal!).

For dual-channel units the mode of operation also restricts what Window and Output can be used the following table shows the allowed combinations:

Mode	Allowed Window and Output combinations
Switcher	Output 1 (0x00) and Window A (0x41) / Z (0x5A) / Logo a (0x61)
Independent	Output 1 (0x00) and Window A (0x41) / Z (0x5A) / Logo a (0x61) OR Output 2 (0x01) and Window B (0x42) / Z (0x5A) / Logo b (0x62)
Dual PIP	Any combination of Output and Window

The following table is a list of all menu functions, their related function number and valid range of adjustment.

Please note that not all items will be available on all units.

Menu text	CHA	FUNC (Hex)	Range of adjustment (decimal)
Top level			
Mode (Dual-channel units only)		109	0 = Switcher 1 = Independent 2 = Dual PIP
Preset number		225	1 to 10
Preset load		226	Set to 1 to load – automatically resets to 0.
Preset store		227	Set to 1 to store – automatically resets to 0.
Preset erase		228	Set to 1 to erase – automatically resets to 0.

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Adjust outputs			
Output enable		170	0=Blanked, 1=Active
Lock source (connector)		149	0x10 to 0x1F = RGB1 to RGB16 0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16 0x40 to 0x4F = YC1 to YC16 0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16 0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2 0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2
Lock method		10A	0 = Off 1 = Genlock 2 = Lock & Mix 3 = DARSlock (some units only) 4 = Frm.lock (some units only)
Lock H Shift		14A	-4096..4096
Lock V Shift		14B	-4096..4096
Output resolution		083	1..1000
Output image type			See Adjust resolutions entries
Output image type digital		16C	0 = RGBHV 3 = YUV 9 = Not available
HDCP required		233	0..1, Off, On (if display supports it)
HDCP status		234	0=Unavailable 1=Supported 2=Active 3=Repeater supported 4=Repeater active 5=No display (Other values indicate various HDCP authentication states.)
Background Y		13B	16..235
Background U		13C	16..240
Background V		13D	16..240
SDI optimization		197	0..1, Off, On
Output Standard		101	0 = NTSC/PAL, 1 = PAL-M/PAL-N, 2 = SECAM
Output CV/YC IRE		133	-7.5..12.5
Output CV/YC Hue (degrees)		139	-22..22
Output SC/H Phase		085	-180..180
Output Luma Bandwidth		134	0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High
Output Chroma Bandwidth		135	0,1,2 = Low, Medium, High
Output Chroma delay		137	-4..3
PAL WSS		130	0 = Off 1 = 4:3 Full format 2 = 14:9 Letterbox centre 3 = 14:9 Letterbox top

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

			4 = 16:9 Letterbox centre 5 = 16:9 Letterbox top 6 = >16:9 Letterbox centre 7 = 14:9 Full format 8 = 16:9 Full format
Take		11E	0->1 = Perform a Preview -> Program transition
Audio amp. Volume		201	-16 to 15
AES/SDI Chan. 1 source		20B	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SDI1-8 0x08 to 0x0F = SDI2-1 to SDI2=8 0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16 0x20 = AFV (audio follow video)
AES/SDI Chan. 2 source		20C	
AES/SDI Chan. 3 source		20D	
AES/SDI Chan. 4 source		20E	
AES/SDI Chan. 5 source		20F	
AES/SDI Chan. 6 source		210	
AES/SDI Chan. 7 source		211	
AES/SDI Chan. 8 source		212	
Adjust windows			
Program source / Window source (connector)		082	0x10 to 0x1F = RGB1 to RGB16 (Also includes DVI / YUV sources) 0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16 0x40 to 0x4F = YC1 to YC16 0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16 0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2 0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2
Select Universal source		241	0xE0 to 0xEF select universal inputs 1 to 16
Source resolution		0F8	Read only – returns # of resolution
Window Enable		12B	0..1 = Off, On
Zoom level %		086	100..1000
Zoom level H %		103	100..1000 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Zoom level V %		105	100..1000 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Aspect ratio in		107	0.1:1..9.99:1 (read only)
H/V zoom pan % (H)		09F	0..100
H/V zoom pan % (V)		0A0	0..100
Image freeze		09C	0..1 = Off, On
H/V crop % (H)		223	0..100
H/V crop % (V)		224	0..100
H/V out shift (H)		0AD	-4096..4096
H/V out shift (V)		0AE	-4096..4096
Shrink level %		087	10..100
Shrink level H %		104	10..100 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Shrink level V %		106	10..100 (only used in Advanced A/R mode)
Shrink enable		18E	0..1 = Off, On
H/V shr. pos.%(H)		0DA	0..100
H/V shr. pos.%(V)		0DB	0..100

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

In (top-left H)		21B	
In (top-left V)		21D	
In (H size)		21C	
In (V size)		21E	
Out (top-left H)		21F	
Out (top-left V)		221	
Out (H size)		220	
Out (V size)		222	
Aspect change		190	0..2 = Normal, Letterbox, Pillarbox
Aspect adjust		102	0..1 = Simple, Advanced
Flicker reduction		092	0..3 = Off, Low, Med, High
Image smoothing		0A1	0..2 = Off, Med, High
Image flip		095	0..3 = Off, Horiz., Vertical, H & V
Temporal interpolation		229	0..1 = Off, On
Show source label		250	0..1 = Off, On
Audio bars		252	0=Off, 1 to 4 audio bars shown.
Max fade level		10F	0..100 = Fade level %
Fade out / in		193	-1 = Fade out 0 = No action 1 = Fade in
Layer priority		144	0..5 = Layer priority
Headphone volume		0FD	-16..15 (-16=Mute)
Audio vol. (volume)		206	-128..127 (for digital audio processing)
Audio vol. (on/off)		207	0..1 = Off, On (for digital audio processing)
Adjust keyers (on certain models only)			
Keyer enable		127	0..1 = Off, On
Y key min/max (min)		0AF	0..255
Y key min/max (max)		0B2	0..255
Y key Softness		121	0..255
Y key Invert		122	0..1 = Off, On
U key min/max (min)		0B0	0..255
U key min/max (max)		0B3	0..255
U key Softness		123	0..255
U key Invert		124	0..1 = Off, On
V key min/max (min)		0B1	0..255
V key min/max (max)		0B4	0..255
V key Softness		125	0..255
V key Invert		126	0..1 = Off, On
Swap fore / background		144	0..1 = Off, On
Adjust keyers – edge blending (on certain models only)			
Edge Blend		180	Bit 0 = Left edge active Bit 1 = Right edge active Bit 2 = Top edge active Bit 3 = Bottom edge active
E.blnd guides		18F	0..2 = Off, Auto, On

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

E.blnd size H		18B	0.. limited by H width
E.blnd size V		18C	0.. limited by V height
E.blnd gamma H		188	1..150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
E.blnd gamma V		18D	1..150 1=0.01, 150=1.50
E.blnd comp cent		198	0..99
E.blnd comp side		19D	0..99
Logos (on certain models only)			
Logo enable		12B	0..1 = Off, On
Logo number		143	0..9 Logo selection
H/V out shift (H)		0AD	0..100 %
H/V out shift (V)		0AE	0..100 %
Max fade level		10F	0..100%
Layer priority		144	0..5
Borders (on certain models only)			
Border enable		150	0..1 = Off, On
Border H size		152	0..99
Border V size		151	0..99
Border H offset		153	0..99
Border V offset		154	0..99
Border Opacity		158	0 (fully transparent) ..100 (solid)
Border Y		155	16..235
Border U		156	16..240
Border V		157	16..240
Adjust sources			
Source to adjust. <i>This only changes what's shown in the menu – use the CHA values below to change settings of a source.</i>	CHA	116	0x10 to 0x1F = RGB1 to RGB16 0x30 to 0x3F = CV1 to CV16 0x40 to 0x4F = YC1 to YC16 0x50 to 0x5F = SDI1 to SDI16 0xD0 = OUT1, 0xD1 = OUT2 0xF0 = TC1, 0xF1 = TC2
Still Image / Testcard	F0..F1	0DC	0..10
Autoset	10..1F	0FE	1= Start Autoset procedure
Aspect correct	10..5F	240	0=Fill (default) 1=Aspect, 2=H-fit, 3=V-fit, 4=1:1
UMD display address	10..5F	263	0 to 126, as per TSL 3.1 protocol
Label font	10..5F	246	0..15 to select different fonts
Label background color	10..5F	247	0=Black 8=Transparent
Label foreground color	10..5F	248	1=Blue 9=Grey
			2=Green 10=Opaque Black
			3=Cyan 11=Opaque White
			4=Red 12=Flashing Blue
			5=Magenta 13=Flashing Green
			6=Yellow 14=Flashing Red
			7=White 15=Flashing White

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Label H. Size	10..5F	249	0..8
Label V. Size	10..5F	24A	0..8
Label H. Position	10..5F	24D	0..3 (Off / Left / Center / Right)
Label V. Position	10..5F	24E	0..3 (Off / Top / Middle / Bottom)
Label char. to adj.	10..5F	24B	0..23
Label char. value	10..5F	24C	32..127
EDID to use	10..1F	243	0..7 to specify EDID entries 1..Mon
EDID capture entry#	10..1F	244	0..7 to specify EDID entries 1..Mon
EDID capture Grab	10..1F	245	Set to 1 to Grab. Auto-resets to 0.
HDCP advertise (DVI)	10..1F	237	0=Off, 1=On
HDCP status (DVI)	10..1F	238	0=Inactive, 1=Active
TL pos. adj. (left)	10..FF	0B6	-100..100
TL pos. adj. (top)	10..FF	0B7	-100..100
BR size adj. (right)	10..5F	0DE	-100..100
BR size adj. (bottom)	10..5F	0DF	-100..100
Audio input source (internal)	10..FF	242	0..4 Selects inputs 1 to 4 + Mute.
OPTION audio input	10..FF	0D0	0..9 = Channels 1 .. 10 on A2-2000
Audio vol	10..FF	0CF	-16..15 (-16=Mute)
Bal	10..FF	0D1	-15..15
On source loss (was Deglitch)	10..5F	0A3	0=Show, 1=Freeze, 2=Blue, 3=Black, 4=Remove
Source stable (read only)		22A	0=Unstable, 1=Stable
Input pixel phase	10..5F	091	0..31
RGB input type	10..1F	0C1	8 = Auto 6 = D-RGB 11 = D-YUV 10 = A-RGB 12 = A-YUV For universal HD15 inputs: 5 = CV/YC For units with DVI-U inputs: 13 = CV (or A-CV) 14 = YC (or A-YC) For units with DVI-U 5x BNC breakouts: 15 = B-RGB 16 = B-YUV 17 = B-CV 18 = B-YC
RGB contr. (red)	10..1F	0C5	75..150
RGB contr. (green)	10..1F	0C6	75..150
RGB contr. (blue)	10..1F	0C7	75..150
YUV setup level	10..1F	23E	0=0 IRE, 1=7.5 IRE
De-int.	10..FF	0B8	0..6 = Normal, Auto, Film 3:2, M.comp.low,

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

			M.comp.med., M.comp.high, Frame/bob
(Film mode detected)	10..FF	0E3	0..1 = Not detected, Detected
Diagonal interpolation	10..FF	22B	0..1 = Off, On
Noise reduction	10..5F	23F	0..1 = Off, On
Bright	30..5F	0BB	0..180
Contrast	30..5F	0BC	0..180
Saturation	30..5F	0B9	0..180
Hue	30..5F	0BA	-180..180
Sharpness	30..5F	080	-7..+7
Luma delay	30..5F	0BD	-4..3
Field swap	10..FF	0C9	0..1 = Off, On (swaps odd/even fields)
Field Offset	10..FF	196	0..7 = -4..+3 (defaults to 4 = 0)
<i>For units with digital audio processing:</i>			
Audio channel 1	10..FF	213	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8 0x08 to 0x0F = SDI2-1 to SDI2=8 0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16
Audio channel 2	10..FF	214	
Audio channel 3	10..FF	215	
Audio channel 4	10..FF	216	
Audio channel 5	10..FF	217	
Audio channel 6	10..FF	218	
Audio channel 7	10..FF	219	
Audio channel 8	10..FF	21A	
Adjust audio (on certain models only)			
Source to adj		203	0x00 to 0x07 = SDI1-1 to SD1-8 0x08 to 0x0F = SDI2-1 to SDI2=8 0x10 to 0x1F = AES1 to AES16
Volume trim		205	-128 to 127
Delay adjust		204	-100 to 5000
Adjust transitions (on certain models only)			
Transition type		112	0..3 = Cut, Fade, Wipe, Push
Switching fade time		0F5	0 (off) to 50 (5.0 seconds)
Wipe type		145	0 = Left -> Right 1 = Right -> Left 2 = Up -> Down 3 = Down -> Up 4 = Diagonal 5 = Diamond
Wipe Size		146	10..2000
Audio Control (S2-106AD Only)			
Sample frequency		191	0..4 = Bypass, 32, 44.1, 48, 96kHz
Audio delay		192	0..999 = delay in ms (restricted depending on Sample frequency)
Adjust tally (on certain models only)			
Tally mode		260	0 = Disabled

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

			1 = Normal 2 = Presets
Tally input number		261	1 to 8
Tally preset to load		262	1 to 50
Adjust resolutions Note: You MUST set the 'Image to adjust' value to the correct value first, and only then change the other values - otherwise you may be adjusting the wrong entry. The user should not adjust the 'Image to adjust' entry using the front panel whilst also accessing it via RS232			
Image to adjust		081	1..1000
Output image type		0E2	0 = RGBHV 1 = RGBS 2 = RGsB 3 = YUV 4 = tIYUV 7 = tIRGB
Interlaced		0CA	0..1 = Off, On
H.freq.crse		0BE	10000..200000
H.freq.fine		0BF	10000..200000
H/V active (H)		096	64..2047
H/V active (V)		097	64..2047
H/V start (H)		08B	0..1023
H/V start (V)		08C	0..1023
Clks/l		08D	64..4095
Lines/f		08E	64..2047
H/V sync (H)		08F	8..1023
H/V sync (V)		090	1..1023
Sync polarity		094	0..3 = ++, +-, -+, --
System			
SW (Software version)		0D2	Read only
PT (Product type)		0C4	Read only
BT (Board type)		0C2	Read only
Advanced menus		11D	0..1, Off, On
Autoset Sense		0FF	0..3 = Low, medium, high, v.high
OSD on Power up		189	0..1, Off, On
RGB1 termination		199	0..2, Off, On, Auto
Store		0C8	Set to 1 to store
Buzzer		0CB	0..1 = Off, On
CC-300 A/B bus enable		202	0..1 = Off, On
Power cycles		0D6	Read only
Firmware updates		0DD	Read only
Hours in use		0D7	Read only
Resolutions		0D8	Read only
Number of Still Images / Testcards		0D9	Read only

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Number of logos		14F	Read only																																																				
Board temp. (deg.C)		0CD	Read only																																																				
Air temp. (deg.C)		148	Read only																																																				
Regulators temp.(deg.C)		147	Read only																																																				
PLD temp. (deg.C)		111	Read only																																																				
Fan speed (rpm)		0CE	Read only																																																				
Led brightness		12C	0..100																																																				
LCD backlight		200	0..1 = Off, On																																																				
Serial type (See Specs to see if your unit supports all options)		251	0 = RS-232 1 = RS-422 2 = RS-485																																																				
RS232 Baud rate		0AB	0..6 = 9600, 19200, 28800, 33600, 38400, 57600, 115200																																																				
TAC number 0		15D	Read only																																																				
TAC number 1		15E	Read only																																																				
TAC number 2		15F	Read only																																																				
TAC number 3		160	Read only																																																				
TAC number 4		161	Read only																																																				
TAC number 5		162	Read only																																																				
MAC number (IP port)		208	Read only – bytes reversed!																																																				
Not part of menu system																																																							
Front panel lock		0FC	0 = unlocked, 1 = locked																																																				
Emulate button press		24F	See section below.																																																				
Options installed or attached – read only		264	<p>24-bit number has a bit high to indicate that a unit is attached, or an option installed:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th><th>Unit</th><th>Bit</th><th>Unit</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Audio switcher</td><td>12</td><td>S2-110CV</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>S2-106AD</td><td>13</td><td>S2-110YC</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>S2-105PC</td><td>14</td><td>S1-101AA</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>S2-105PCA</td><td>15</td><td>Ethernet</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>S2-109PC</td><td>16</td><td>Tally / UMD module</td></tr> <tr> <td>5</td><td>S2-105CV</td><td>17</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>6</td><td>S2-105CVA</td><td>18</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>7</td><td>S2-105YC</td><td>19</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>8</td><td>S2-105YCA</td><td>20</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>9</td><td>-</td><td>21</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>10</td><td>S2-108HD</td><td>22</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr> <td>11</td><td>S2-105DVIA</td><td>23</td><td>-</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Unit	Bit	Unit	0	Audio switcher	12	S2-110CV	1	S2-106AD	13	S2-110YC	2	S2-105PC	14	S1-101AA	3	S2-105PCA	15	Ethernet	4	S2-109PC	16	Tally / UMD module	5	S2-105CV	17	-	6	S2-105CVA	18	-	7	S2-105YC	19	-	8	S2-105YCA	20	-	9	-	21	-	10	S2-108HD	22	-	11	S2-105DVIA	23	-
Bit	Unit	Bit	Unit																																																				
0	Audio switcher	12	S2-110CV																																																				
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7	S2-105YC	19	-																																																				
8	S2-105YCA	20	-																																																				
9	-	21	-																																																				
10	S2-108HD	22	-																																																				
11	S2-105DVIA	23	-																																																				

10.4 Examples

Each example shows the packet sent to the unit and its response. When a byte is not required to be sent it is indicated by a '-' in the table below (since a Read is 6 bytes shorter than a Write). Each character shown below is sent as a ASCII character so F0400 is sent as 'F' '0' '4' '0' '0'.

Packet sent

Packet returned

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----

Set output 1 window B Source to RGB2

F	04	00	42	00	82	000011	D9	CR	F	44	00	42	00	82	000011	19	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Set output 1 window A to Enable advanced aspect control

Note checksum is ?? for debugging

F	04	00	41	01	02	000001	??	CR	F	44	00	42	01	02	000001	8A	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Set 1A Shrink to 110 – invalid max for shrink is 100

F	04	00	41	00	87	00006E	??	CR	F	44	00	41	00	87	000064	70	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Read 1C Zoom level – invalid as window C does not exist

F	84	00	43	00	86	-	??	CR	F	04	00	43	00	86	000000	CD	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Read 1B Zoom level

F	84	00	42	00	86	-	??	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----

Zoom = 100

F	44	00	42	00	86	000064	70	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Set baud to 9600

F	04	00	42	00	AB	000000	F0	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Reply is at 9600 baud

F	44	00	42	00	AB	000000	30	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Set 1A Zoom = 300

F	04	00	42	00	86	00012C	F7	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

F	44	00	42	00	86	00012C	37	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Set 1A Shrink to 50

F	04	00	42	00	87	000032	FE	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

F	44	00	42	00	87	000032	3E	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Set 1A Shrink H Posn to 0

F	04	00	42	00	DA	000000	1F	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

F	44	00	42	00	DA	000000	5F	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Set 1A Shrink V Posn to 100

F	04	00	42	00	DB	000064	84	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

F	44	00	42	00	DB	000064	C4	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

10.5 Reading and writing macros

Depending on the unit connected there can be up to 7 macros stored in the unit. These macros can be programmed to perform a specific task, for example enable PIP mode, Position pip window at H=0, V=0, Zoom in to 120%.

The WIN and OUT bytes are not used for macro reading or writing and should be set to WIN=1A and OUT = 0

The CHA byte indicates the macro we are programming / reading / running. Macro 1 to 5 are CHA 0..4, CHA=5 is restore, CHA 6..7 are Macros 6..7.

Macro Restore (CHA=5) is read only, the units restore state is set by sending the Store command (0C8).

Menu text	CHA	FUNC (Hex)	Range of adjustment (decimal)
Macro			
Run macro	0..7	F1	0..1 = Run, Erase macro
Number of items within macro	0..7	F4	Read Only
Function to adjust	0..7	F2	0..4095
Value	0..7	F3	Value for Function

10.5.1 Reading a previously stored Macro

In order to read a macro the following commands must be sent in this specific order – no other commands should be sent between these messages. The CHA in these cases relate not to the source but to the macro we are reading.

Packet sent

Packet returned

SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----

Read number of items currently stored in Preset 2
read

Returned packet indicates 4 items available to

F	84	01	42	00	F4	-	BB	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F4	00002	FC	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	-------	----	----

Read the Function for the first item in the preset /
macro

Payload is the Function stored – 86 = Zoom

F	84	01	42	00	F3	-	BA	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F3	000086	?80	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	-----	----

Read the Data for the first item in the preset / macro

Payload is the data for the function – 100%

F	84	01	42	00	F2	-	B9	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F2	000064	5D	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Read the Function for the second item in the preset /
macro

Payload is the Function stored – 87 = Shrink

F	84	01	42	00	F3	-	BA	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F3	000087	81	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Read the Data for the second item in the preset /
macro

Payload is the data for the function – 100%

F	84	01	42	00	F2	-	B9	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F2	000064	5D	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

The above example shows the read for all the items within macro 0. The first command reads the number of items available in the macro and resets the read address. Then the following items read the function and then the data for each of the items in the preset/macro. Following a read of the data for a macro internally the next item in the macro is selected for reading so it is not possible to read the same item twice without first re-reading the number of items in the macro.

10.5.2 Writing to a macro

In order to read a preset / macro the following commands must be sent in this specific order – no other commands should be sent between these messages.

Packet sent

Packet returned

SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----

Clear macro

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

F	04	02	42	00	F1	000001	3A	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000001	7A	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Write the function for first item in macro 3 = Zoom

F	04	02	42	00	F3	000086	C1	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F3	000011	01	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Write data for the first item = 100

F	04	02	42	00	F2	000064	9E	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F2	000011	DE	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Write the function for the second = shrink

F	04	02	42	00	F3	000087	C2	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F2	000011	02	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Write the data for the second item = 100

F	04	02	42	00	F2	000064	9E	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F3	000011	DE	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

10.5.3 Run and Restore macros

Macros once programmed can be run by sending one of the following commands. By running macro 5 the unit can be restored to its previously saved state, when used in conjunction with the other macros this allows a default setup or baseline for the unit to be created.

Packet sent

Packet returned

SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP	SOP	CMD	CHA	WIN	OUT	FUN	PAY	CS	EOP
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----

Restore

F	04	05	42	00	F1	000000	3C	CR	F	44	05	42	00	F1	000000	7C	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Run macro 1

F	04	00	42	00	F1	000000	37	CR	F	44	00	42	00	F1	000000	77	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Run macro 2

F	04	01	42	00	F1	000000	38	CR	F	44	01	42	00	F1	000000	78	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Run macro 3

F	04	02	42	00	F1	000000	39	CR	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000000	79	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

Run macro 7

F	04	07	42	00	F1	000000	39	3E	F	44	02	42	00	F1	000000	7E	CR
---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	--------	----	----

10.5.4 Emulate a front panel button press

This is performed using function code 0x24F and the following payload codes (requires firmware version 287 onwards). Note that not all button presses are relevant to your unit.

Button press	Payload
Power down	0400E1
Power back on – see Reset command.	N/A
Reset menu settings to power-on values	0100E2
Reset menu settings to factory defaults	2300E2
Lock / unlock front panel buttons	0100E3
Set to NTSC output	0000E7
Set to PAL output	0000E8
Set to default output resolution for unit	0000E9
Set to 480p output	0000EA

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Set to 720p 59.94Hz output	0000EB
Set to 720p 60Hz output	0000EC
Cycle presets (demo mode)	0100EE
Select DVI-I1 as source	000200
Select DVI-I2 as source	000201
Select DVI-I3 as source	000202
Select DVI-I4 as source	0002A2
Select CV1 as source	000203
Select CV2 as source	000204
Select CV3 as source	000205
Select YC1 as source	000206
Select YC2 as source	000207
Select YC3 as source	000208
Select TC1 / SIS1 as source	000209
Select TC2 / SIS2 as source	00020A
Select OUT1 as source	00020B
Select OUT2 as source	00020C
Toggle window A/B/Z	00020D
Toggle output 1/2	00020E
TAKE (activate transition)	00020F
FREEZE	000211
KEY	000212
MIX	00024D
INPUT	00024E
AUTOSET	00024F
FADE	000251
ZOOM	000252
PAN	000253
SIZE	000254
POS	000255
LOCK	000256
PIP	000257
MIX / PIP	00025A
ASPECT	00025D
PAN / POS	00026F
ZOOM	000270
LOCK / MIX	000269
Decrease Shrink value	000213
Increase Shrink value	000214
Decrease Zoom value	000215
Increase Zoom value	000216
Reset settings to power-on values	000217
Identify current window	000218
Run Macro 1	000219
Run Macro 2	00021A
Run Macro 3	00021B
Run Macro 4	00021C

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Run Macro 5	00021D
Run Macro 6	000267
Run Macro 7	000268
Add to Macro 1	020119
Add to Macro 2	02011A
Add to Macro 3	02011B
Add to Macro 4	02011C
Add to Macro 5	02011D
Add to Macro 6	020167
Add to Macro 7	020168
Erase Macro 1	280119
Erase Macro 2	28011A
Erase Macro 3	28011B
Erase Macro 4	28011C
Erase Macro 5	28011D
Erase Macro 6	280167
Erase Macro 7	280168
Decrease Horizontal Pan value	00021E
Increase Horizontal Pan value	00021F
Decrease Vertical Pan value	000220
Increase Vertical Pan value	000221
Select window A	000223
Select window B	000224
Select window C	0002A0
Select window D	0002A1
Select window Z	000225
Select Output 1	000226
Select Output 2	000227
SELECT (menu adjust)	000128
Left rotary (menu adjust rotary control)	000129
Right rotary (menu adjust rotary control)	00012A
Left (menu adjust)	000158
Right (menu adjust)	000159
Decrement / ZOOM (menu adjust)	00024B
Increment / FREEZE (menu adjust)	00024C
Decrement / PIP (menu adjust)	00029E
Increment / KEY (menu adjust)	00029F
Set transition to FADE	00026A
Set transition to WIPE	00026B
Set transition to PUSH	00026C
Select SD1 as source	00022B
Select SD2 as source	00022C
Select SD3 as source	0002A4
Select SD4 as source	0002A5
Select DVI1 as source for window A	00023C
Select DVI2 as source for window A	00023D
Select DVI3 as source for window A	00023E

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Select CV1 as source for window A	00023F
Select CV2 as source for window A	000240
Select CV3 as source for window A	000241
Select YC1 as source for window A	000242
Select YC2 as source for window A	000243
Select YC3 as source for window A	000244
Select TC1 as source for window A	000245
Select TC2 as source for window A	000246
Select OUT1 as source for window A	000247
Select OUT2 as source for window A	000248
Select SDI1 as source for window A	000249
Select SDI2 as source for window A	00024A
Select SDI3 as source for window A	000271
Select SDI4 as source for window A	000272
Select SDI5 as source for window A	000273
Select SDI6 as source for window A	000274
Select SDI7 as source for window A	000275
Select SDI8 as source for window A	000276
Select DVI1 as source for window B	00022D
Select DVI2 as source for window B	00022E
Select DVI3 as source for window B	00022F
Select CV1 as source for window B	000230
Select CV2 as source for window B	000231
Select CV3 as source for window B	000232
Select YC1 as source for window B	000233
Select YC2 as source for window B	000234
Select YC3 as source for window B	000235
Select TC1 as source for window B	000236
Select TC2 as source for window B	000237
Select OUT1 as source for window B	000238
Select OUT2 as source for window B	000239
Select SDI1 as source for window B	00023A
Select SDI2 as source for window B	00023B
Select SDI3 as source for window B	000277
Select SDI4 as source for window B	000278
Select SDI5 as source for window B	000279
Select SDI6 as source for window B	00027A
Select SDI7 as source for window B	00027B
Select SDI8 as source for window B	00027C
Lock to CV1	00025B
Lock to YC1	00025C
Toggle CV1 / YC1 as source	00025E
Toggle CV2 / YC2 as source	00025F
Toggle DVI-D1 / SDI1 as source	000260
Toggle RGB1 / YUV1 as source	000261
Select DVI-D1 as source	000262
Select RGB1 as source	000263

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Select RGB2 as source	00027D
Select YUV1 as source	000264
Logo 1A toggle on/off	000265
Logo 2B toggle on/off	000266
Window 1A toggle on/off	00026D
Window 2B toggle on/off	00026E
Go to Lock menu item	00027E
Output 1 toggle on/off	00027F
Output 2 toggle on/off	000280
Select UNI1 as source for window A	000281
Select UNI2 as source for window A	000282
Select UNI3 as source for window A	000283
Select UNI4 as source for window A	000284
Select UNI5 as source for window A	000285
Select UNI6 as source for window A	000286
Select UNI7 as source for window A	000287
Select UNI8 as source for window A	000288
Select UNI1 as source for window B	000289
Select UNI2 as source for window B	00028A
Select UNI3 as source for window B	00028B
Select UNI4 as source for window B	00028C
Select UNI5 as source for window B	00028D
Select UNI6 as source for window B	00028E
Select UNI7 as source for window B	00028F
Select UNI8 as source for window B	000290
Load Preset 1	000291
Load Preset 2	000292
Load Preset 3	000293
Load Preset 4	000294
Load Preset 5	000295
Load Preset 6	000296
Load Preset 7	000297
Load Preset 8	000298
Load Preset 9	000299
Load Preset 10	00029A
Store Preset 1	020191
Store Preset 2	020192
Store Preset 3	020193
Store Preset 4	020194
Store Preset 5	020195
Store Preset 6	020196
Store Preset 7	020197
Store Preset 8	020198
Store Preset 9	020199
Store Preset 10	02019A
Erase Preset 1	280191
Erase Preset 2	280192

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Erase Preset 3	280193
Erase Preset 4	280194
Erase Preset 5	280195
Erase Preset 6	280196
Erase Preset 7	280197
Erase Preset 8	280198
Erase Preset 9	280199
Erase Preset 10	28019A
Set output to BLACK	00029B
Set output to WHITE	00029C
Toggle edge blend lines on/off	00029D
Cycle scaler inputs	0002A3

I.e. insert the 6 digit code from above into the following text string:
F041041024F#####??<CR>

E.g. to Load Preset 1, use the text string:
F041041024F000291??<CR>

10.5.5 Reset command

This is a special command to reset a unit (as if power had been removed and re-applied). Note that unlike the above commands, this is sent as binary (i.e. not as ASCII text).

0x53, 0x06, 0x04, 0x01, 0x55, 0xAA, 0x55, 0xB2

E.g. In Visual Basic, send the string:
Chr(&H53) + Chr(&H6) + Chr(&H4) + Chr(&H1) + Chr(&H55) + Chr(&HAA)
+ Chr(&H55) + Chr(&HB2)

COMMON OPERATIONS

This section provides step by step instructions for some common operations.

10.6 Operation of the Keyer

Some units come equipped with a very powerful Luminance and Chrominance Keyer. The Keyer can take some time to master and below is a breakdown and series of simple steps to help you master the Keyer's operation

When adjusting the values, please bear in the mind the following:

The Y value is the Luminance value, so 0 is black and 255 is very bright (white).

The U value is the B-Y component. This is the difference between the Blue and the Luminance value. If part of an image is black, grey or white, then its value is 128 (being the mid-point).

The V value is the R-Y component. This is the difference between the Red and the Luminance value. If part of an image is black, grey or white, then its value is 128 (being the mid-point).

10.6.1 Preparation:

1. Enter the Adjust windows menu.
2. Select the Source (this will be the foreground).
3. Exit the Adjust windows menu.
4. Enter the Adjust keyers menu.
5. Ensure the Keyer is Off.
6. Set all Y, U and V min/max values to [0] [255].
7. Set all Y, U and V softness values to 0.
8. Set all Y, U and V invert values to Off.
9. Turn the Keyer On.

At this point your source image will have disappeared, since all colors have been keyed out.

10.6.2 Adjustment:

Knowing which color(s) you want to key out from the image, e.g. black to disappear, perform the following set of steps:

1. Increase the Y Key Min from 0 until just before the required color (Key Color) appears.
2. Decrease the Y Key Max from 255 until just before the required color (Key Color) appears.
3. Repeat steps 1 & 2 for the U and V min/max values as well.

Adjust any of the Softness values to improve the key. If your input signal is slightly noisy or if you want to soften the edges within the image, then this may require you

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

to decrease the 'min' values and increase the 'max' values to broaden the range of colors keyed out.

At this point, only the key color should remain transparent.

11 TROUBLESHOOTING AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT

If problems are experienced, please read through the symptom topics below in order to resolve the problem. After doing so, if you still need to, contact Technical Support at <http://www.tvone.com/support>. Please have the following details of the problem handy:

Whether the problem happens only at specific times or has only just started occurring (and what other things have changed at the same time).

Firmware revision numbers - found in the first item of the System menu:

If the problem relates to a specific source or resolution:

11.1 There is no picture on the Output.

If no LEDs are on, then ensure that the AC power adaptor is connected properly and the power switch is on at the AC outlet.

If the Standby/ON LED on the unit is off but another blue LED is active then check that the monitor output from the computer is connected at both the computer and the unit. Check that the output connector you are using from the unit is also connected at the unit and the display equipment.

Check that the display video equipment is set to the correct line input and format/standard as appropriate.

Check that the device connected to the output is on and can support the resolution set in the Adjust output menu, ensuring that the Sync type e.g. RGBHV, is also set correctly.

11.2 The image is shifted and not fully viewable

There are several ways to correct this, depending on the actual problem, although it's generally best to perform a Factory reset.

Try an AUTOSET if the input is RGB or YUV/YCbCr. Next adjust the TL pos. adj. values in the Setup Program source menu until the incoming video signal is displayed correctly. You may also need to adjust the BR size adj. setting to ensure the incoming video signal is properly displayed.

11.3 The output resolutions no longer appear as expected.

Because any changes made in the Adjust resolutions menu are automatically stored, it may be that the resolution data has become altered or corrupted beyond the ability of a display to show it.

Either manually correct the resolution data, or restore the data to full factory conditions by doing a firmware update. The user should avoid altering the resolution parameter data unless absolutely necessary.

11.4 There is excessive flicker on the Output.

Try using a different Flicker reduction mode. Turning the contrast down and the brightness up on the output device can have a large effect on flicker. Or try adjusting the brightness and contrast of the source input by selecting the Input adjust menu.

11.5 The Output image is distorted.

This may occur where some of the areas of the image are very dark and others are very bright. The solution is to adjust the contrast and brightness settings on your Output device to rectify the problem.

Alternatively, if the Adjust resolutions menu has been used to the output resolution in question, a firmware update is recommended to perform a FULL factory reset.

11.6 Some colors appear to be incorrect on the CV/YC output

First try altering the color, contrast and brightness settings on your TV or video display. These are usually set up for a very different reason than viewing computer graphics and may need changing to suit. If you cannot achieve exactly what you desire then alter the inputs levels in Adjust sources until the correct colors are restored.

11.7 How can I reduce color smearing on CV connections?

Smearing usually occurs on Composite Video connections and is generally unavoidable - unless you can switch to using S-Video or RGB / YUV connections. It occurs because the brightness and color information is transmitted as one combined (composite) signal and the two parts have to be 'bandwidth-limited' to avoid them interfering with each other – which then reduces the quality.

11.8 I can no longer adjust the Output image resolution.

When the unit is in Lock mode, the output resolution is fixed to be the same as the Lock source input resolution. During this time the Output image menu item is not displayed.

11.9 The picture on the video display is black and white.

Ensure that all the cables are correctly connected. If you are using a PAL TV to display the output then the unit may be providing resolution set to NTSC mode, or vice versa.

11.10 The picture on the video display is green.

The Output type is probably incorrectly set to YUV mode, whereas you are connecting to an RGB monitor – see Adjust outputs menu.

11.11 The RGB input is selected but the image is rolling or pink.

Check the Adjust sources menu and confirm that the input type and sync method is set correctly. (Having YUV input selected, instead of RGBHV often causes this problem).

11.12 The video signal from my DVD player does not appear to work.

Some DVD players have a switch at the back that selects between 'Component' and 'S-Video' output, because most will not let you output both at the same time. Make sure it is in the right position for the output you want.

11.13 Image is flashing, snow is present, or source image does not appear.

You may be experiencing a HDCP compatibility problem.

If one of the sources you are using is HDCP encrypted, and your unit is not set to output HDCP, then your unit will not allow the source image to pass through the unit (it may flash on and off).

The solution (if your unit supports HDCP) is to ensure it is enabled in both 'Adjust outputs' and in the 'Adjust sources' menu for that source signal.

If your unit does not support HDCP, or your output device does not support HDCP (e.g. an analog monitor), then there is no way to display a HDCP encrypted source signal.

12 RETURN PROCEDURE

Before returning your unit for repair, there are several checks you can make yourself to make sure the problem is actually caused by a failure.

12.1 Are you sure there's a fault?

Many 'faults' are due to incorrect set-up or use so a simple checklist is provided below to help you identify potential problems.

Set the unit up with your equipment as described in this manual and run through the checklist. This will hopefully determine whether or not the unit is actually faulty and prevent units from being returned unnecessarily.

Check the Troubleshooting tips of this manual and check out the various FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) listings on the support website, <http://www.tvone.com/support>, which shows the latest Hints, Tips and Solutions.

Don't presume it is the unit that is causing the problem. Check that the equipment being used with it is fully working and setup correctly – bypass the unit if possible by connecting the video source directly to the video display.

Check the AC power. Is it present and is the unit turned on? Check that all cables are properly plugged in and are not damaged and then make certain that all equipment connected to the unit is working properly.

Perhaps you have a "frozen" unit and you cannot change an input nor exit from the current task. In that case, a simple 'Factory Reset' of the product may sort the problem out. See earlier section on Front panel buttons to do this. Note that all user-settings will be lost following an engineering reset.

It is also worth ensuring that the latest firmware is installed in the unit – although, again, user settings are lost during a firmware update.

12.2 To return a unit for repair

First contact TV One using the <http://www.tvone.com/support> website. Support personnel will determine whether a return to the factory is the appropriate solution. If that's the case, a Return Authorization Number will be issued. You should provide the following information for each unit:

Product type

Serial number of the faulty unit (this is on the underside of the unit)

Full details of fault

Invoice number (if available)

Units should be returned via insured carrier or registered mail (thus allowing a trace to be made if the Processor is lost in transit), with shipping costs and insurance arranged at your own risk and expense. Goods in transit are the responsibility of the sender and the supplier will not be responsible for transit losses.

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Please clearly state the return number on the outside packaging and on any accompanying documentation. This will greatly speed up processing.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT return a unit for warranty repair without first obtaining a Return Authorization Number. No action will be taken on a unit returned in warranty for repair without a Return Authorization Number

13 WARRANTY POLICY

LIMITED WARRANTY – With the exceptions noted in the next paragraph, TV One warrants the original purchaser that the equipment it manufactures or sells will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five years from the date of purchase. Should this product, in TV One's opinion, prove defective within this warranty period, TV One, at its option, will repair or replace this product without charge. Any defective parts replaced become the property of TV One. This warranty does not apply to those products which have been damaged due to accident, unauthorized alterations, improper repair, modifications, inadequate maintenance and care, or use in any manner for which the product was not originally intended.

Items integrated into TV One products that are made by other manufacturers, notably computer hard drives and liquid crystal display panels, are limited to the term of the warranty offered by the respective manufacturers. Such specific warranties are available upon request to TV One.

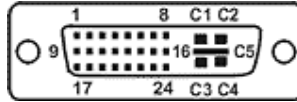
If repairs are necessary under this warranty policy, the original purchaser must obtain a Return Authorization Number from TV One and return the product to a location designated by TV One, freight prepaid. After repairs are complete, the product will be returned, freight prepaid.

LIMITATIONS - All products sold are "as is" and the above Limited Warranty is in lieu of all other warranties for this product, expressed or implied, and is strictly limited to five years from the date of purchase. TV One assumes no liability to distributors, resellers or end-users or any third parties for any loss of use, revenue or profit.

TV One makes no other representation of warranty as to fitness for the purpose or merchantability or otherwise in respect of any of the products sold. The liability of TV One with respect to any defective products will be limited to the repair or replacement of such products. In no event shall TV One be responsible or liable for any damage arising from the use of such defective products whether such damages be direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise, and whether such damages are incurred by the reseller, end-user or any third party.

14 CONNECTOR PINOUTS

14.1 DVI-I connector



PIN#	SIGNAL	PIN#	SIGNAL
1	T.M.D.S DATA 2-	16	HOT PLUG DETECT
2	T.M.D.S DATA 2+	17	T.M.D.S DATA 0-
3	T.M.D.S DATA 2/4 SHIELD	18	T.M.D.S DATA 0+
4	Not used	19	T.M.D.S DATA 0/5 SHIELD
5	Not used	20	Not used
6	DDC CLOCK	21	Not used
7	DDC DATA	22	T.M.D.S CLOCK SHIELD
8	ANALOG VERT. SYNC	23	T.M.D.S CLOCK+
9	T.M.D.S DATA 1-	24	T.M.D.S CLOCK-
10	T.M.D.S DATA 1+		
11	T.M.D.S DATA 1/3 SHIELD	C1	ANALOG RED
12	Not used	C2	ANALOG GREEN
13	Not used	C3	ANALOG BLUE
14	+5V POWER	C4	ANALOG HORZ SYNC
15	GND	C5	ANALOG GROUND

14.2 RS232 / D9 socket

1. N/C
2. TX (Transmit data)
3. RX (Receive data)
4. N/C
5. GND (Signal return)
6. N/C
7. CTS (Clear to send)
8. RTS (Request to send)
9. N/C

15 SPECIFICATIONS

15.1 DVI-I Input

DVI-D (on DVI-I connector) supporting up to 162MHz (1920x1200@60Hz & 1080p/60).

(1T-C2-760 also supports 2880x900@60Hz over DVI.)

HDCP compliant repeater.

EDID 1.3 data to communicate available resolutions.

DVI-A (on DVI-I connector) supporting analog RGB/YPbPr supporting RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, YPbPr, auto-terminating into 75 Ohm

Digital sync (in RGBHV or RGBS mode): TTL Level, 10K termination, pos or negative

Analog sync (in RGsB, YPbPr, YUV modes): 0.3v negative.

Analog RGB Level Range: 0.5-2.0 Vp-p approx.

Scan Rate Detection: automatic

Analog PC Resolutions: any up to 2048x2048

Analog HDTV Resolutions: any up to 1080p

Analog max horizontal scan rate: 150kHz

15.2 PC/HD Scaled Output

DVI-D (on DVI-I connector) supporting up to 162MHz (1920x1200@60Hz & 1080p/60).

(1T-C2-760 also supports 2880x900@60Hz over DVI.)

HDCP compliant.

DVI-A (on DVI-I connector) supporting analog RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, YPbPr (0.7v RGB / 1.0v sync-tip to white, approx. 0.13v DC offset)

Analog output impedance 75 Ohm

Analog PC Resolutions: any up to 2048x2048 (user adjustable)

Analog HDTV Resolutions: any up to 1080p

Vertical Refresh Rate: any to 250Hz

15.3 Locking/Mixing

Keyer: chromakey (YUV) or lumakey (Y).

Mixer: PC / Video, foreground/background swappable.

PIP: variable window size & position – storable presets.

15.4 Scaling / sampling / memory

Size and position: automatic via AutoSet or Manual

Image size: user-definable presets

Image freeze: one video frame

Settings memory: non-Volatile

Zoom range: variable to 10x Zoom (1000%)

Shrink range: variable to 10%

Image mirroring: Horizontal and/or Vertical

1T-C2-750 & 1T-C2-760 OPERATION MANUAL

Horizontal filtering: full digital
Conversion technology: proprietary
Color resolution: 24-bit (16.8 Million Colors)
Sampling rate: 162MHz maximum
Digital sampling: 24-bit, 4:4:4 format
Firmware memory: flash, upgradeable via RS-232
1T-C2-760 also supports motion compensation & temporal interpolation

15.5 Warranty

See warranty policy for further details..

15.6 Regulatory Compliance

Main unit conforms to FCC, CE, RoHS

15.7 Environmental

Operating Temperature 0° to +50° C (+32° to +122° F)
Operating Humidity 10% to 85%, Non-condensing
Storage Temperature -10° to +70° C (+14° to +158° F)
Storage Humidity 10% to 85%, Non-condensing

15.8 Power Requirement

External power supply: 12V DC @ 1.0A maximum.
Internal over-voltage & over-current protection.
Full PSU specification: 12v DC regulated 1.0 Amp (or above) PSU with a 2.5mm locking center-pin positive DC power connector. A non-locking 2.5mm DC power connector will also fit.

15.9 Control Methods

The unit can be controlled locally via the front panel buttons, on-screen display, RS-232 interface using a D9 female connector or using an Infrared remote using the IRC-5 remote unit.

15.10 Accessories Included

Manual.

15.11 Mechanical

Size (H x W x D): 1.2"x7.9"x3.5" (30x200x90mm)
Weight (Net): 1.3 lbs (580g)

15.12 Optional Accessories

RM-230: Single/Dual Rackmount Kit - 1T-C2

16 CONTACT INFORMATION

Should you have any questions or require assistance with this product in areas not covered by this manual, please contact TV One at the appropriate location shown below:

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